

Help Kit : 6-8

- Vocabulary Enrichment
- Comprehension & Composition
- Creative Writing
- Puzzles & Word Searches
- Well-graded Exercises

INTERACTIVE GRAMMAR



The Sentence

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Read the sentences carefully and write down the type of each sentence. The first one is done for you.

- Ans. 1. Imperative 2. Declarative 3. Imperative
4. Interrogative 5. Interrogative 6. Declarative
7. Declarative 8. Exclamatory

B. Write D for declarative, I for interrogative, E for exclamatory and Im for imperative.

- Ans. 1. I 2. D 3. D 4. Im 5. E
6. Im 7. D 8. I

C. Read the following groups of words. Write S for a sentence and P for a phrase. Underline the verb in those that are sentences.

- Ans. 1. The boys are all musicians. S
2. On the wall. P
3. Her face told a sad tale. S
4. In the ocean. P
5. During the recess. P
6. The students bowed to the principal. S
7. In the afternoon. P
8. The child got lost in the fair. S

D. Match the subject to the correct predicate.

- Ans. 1. These shoes (h) have coloured laces.
2. That goose (d) has laid eggs.
3. Patel, the postman (b) delivers our letters.

4. A car (g) has a steering wheel.
5. A bottle (e) is used for storing water.
6. The bed (c) has four legs.
7. The index (f) is the first page of the book.
8. A bag (a) has straps.

E. Find the Subject and Predicate in each of the following sentences. As given in example :

- | Ans. Subject | Predicate |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. They | have won the match. |
| 2. An earthquake | brings miseries. |
| 3. The Geeta | is the sacred book of the Hindus. |
| 4. Your hair | is curly. |
| 5. The Titanic | snak at the bottom of the sea. |
| 6. The scenery of Kashmir | is charming. |
| 7. Who | broke the glass? |
| 8. Hard working | conquers all things. |
| 9. Me | Please, help. |
| 10. A guilty conscience | needs no excuse. |
| 11. A nice hobby | collecting stamps. |
| 12. Mighty hope | makes us men. |
| 13. Me | do not disturb. |
| 14. A bundle of books | was on the table. |
| 15. The teacher | appointed him the monitor. |

2

Nouns : Kinds of Nouns

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Underline the Nouns in the following sentences and say whether they are Common, Proper, Material, Collective, or Abstract

- Ans. 1. I saw a big crowd in the street. Collective
2. Our class consists of forty pupils. Collective
3. Vikramaditya was famous for his justice. Proper
4. The police dispersed the mob. Common
5. The people who live in England are called English. Proper
6. Ashoka was a just and wise ruler. Proper
7. It is true that health is wealth. Abstract
8. The jury found the prisoner guilty. Collective
9. Clothes are made of cotton, wool and silk. Material

B. Fill in the blanks with the suitable Collective Nouns given below :

- Ans. 1. A **pack** of wolves chased the deer.
2. The **regiment** of soldiers has marched away.
3. A **pride** of lions was seen nearby the village.
4. A **flock** of sheep was in Rajeev's field.
5. The ship has a **fleet** of a hundred sailors.
6. A **herd** of cattle was grazing in the field.
7. We saw a **crew** of boats in the ocean.
8. The police dispersed the **mob**.

9. Our **team** won the match by fifty runs.
10. A **committee** of five members was appointed.

C. Complete the following sentences with Abstract Nouns formed by the words given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. Without health there is no **happiness**.
2. The Headmaster gave him **punishment** for telling a lie.
3. The elephant has great **strength**.
4. She accepted our **invitation**.
5. **Honesty** is praised everywhere.
6. India got **freedom** on August 15, 1947.
7. I like her **speaking** very much.
8. I often think of the happy days of my **childhood**.
9. Solomon was famous for his **wisdom**.
10. She is well known for her great **innocence**.

D. Write suitable words given below for each :

- | | |
|--|---------|
| Ans. 1. a person who treats a sick person | doctor |
| 2. a number of buses | fleet |
| 3. a place where books are kept | library |
| 4. cows, oxen, bullocks all together | cattle |
| 5. a person who is ready to do anything in the favour of his/her country | patriot |
| 6. a fight between two armies | battle |
| 7. a means of transport that runs on rail | train |

E. Some Nouns are given below in box. Write them into

appropriate heads. Write each proper noun beginning with capital letter :

Ans.	Proper Nouns	Common Nouns	Collective Nouns	Material Nouns	Abstract Nouns
1.	Diwali	apple	battalion	silver	happiness
2.	Mahatma Gandhi	dog	army	gold	childhood
3.	Alibaba	kite cherries		iron	sight

4.	Sunday	swarm	herd	wood	joy
5.	Ganga	church	crowd	lead	kindness
6.	Rome	giraffe	litter		grief
7.	Snow white	alps	bunch		truth
8.	Statue of liberty	factory	cattle		hatred
9.	Independence Day	sweet-potato gate			
10.					



3

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Rewrite the following sentences changing nouns in bold into their plurals with essential changes :

- Ans. 1. The teachers are in staff room.
2. The tigers chased the deer away.
3. The child was bitten by mosquitos.
4. Radha invited her friends on her birthday.
5. They are good students.
6. The daughters-in-laws should respect their mothers-in-laws.
7. The birds lived in their nests.
8. The horses are galloping.

B. Choose the correct alternative in each sentences and write them in given place :

- Ans. 1. It is illegal to keep arms at home.
2. Measles is in infectious disease.
3. Mehul has a pair of blue jeans.
4. The Cattles are taken to the jungle.
5. He has two wives.
6. Kabeer has purchased a new pair of shorts.
7. The fisherman caught trouts from the pond.
8. Economics is not his favourite subject.
9. Goods once sold cannot be returned.



4

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Write the Feminine Genders of the Nouns :

- Ans. 1. waiter **waitress** 2. milkman **milkmaid**
3. man-servant **woman-servant** 4. actor **actress**
5. duke **duchess** 6. bachelor **maid**
7. stag **deer** 8. he-bear **she-bear**
9. monk **nun** 10. cock **hen**
11. gander **duck** 12. gentleman **lady**
13. step-father **step-mother** 14. governor **governess**
15. nephew **niece** 16. master **mistress**
17. poet **poetess** 18. horse **mare**

B. Write the Masculine Genders of the Nouns :

- Ans. 1. maid **bachelor** 2. goddess **god**
3. lass **lad** 4. she-goat **he-goat**
5. milkmaid **milkman** 6. mare **horse**
7. cow **bull** 8. princess **prince**
9. tigress **tiger** 10. queen **king**



Interactive Grammar-6



Number

10. He got his hair cut.

C. Rewrite the following sentences changing their nouns given in bold into their singular along with necessary changes :

- Ans. 1. The shopkeepers was opening his shop.
2. She bought toy, frock and shoes.
3. The child was plucking the flower.
4. The wolf attacked the goose.
5. The student was learning his lesson.
6. Fly can spread disease.
7. The diary is on the table.

D. Fill in the blanks with an appropriate verb choosing from the options given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. The children's clothes **are** torn.
2. My scissors **is** sharp.
3. The cattle **are** grazing in the field.
4. What **is** the latest news?
5. Birds **have** wings.
6. Riches **have** money.
7. Good children **obey** their elders.
8. His spectacles **are** new.
9. Our army **fights** bravely.
10. The oxen **are** ploughing the field.

The Noun— Gender

11. authoress **author** 12. niece **nephew**
13. aunt **uncle** 14. daughter **son**
15. hostess **host**

C. The following sentences have been re-written using opposite Gender of the Nouns and Pronouns in three different ways. Tick (✓) mark the correct option :

- Ans. 1. (a) He does not like English.
2. (b) The authoress of this book is very learned.
3. (c) The tigress pounced upon the huntress.
4. (b) The bridegroom was a lad of fourteen.
5. (a) He came to see his mother.

D. Rewrite the following sentences, using nouns and pronouns of the opposite gender :

- Ans. 1. Sonu has a dog, a cock and a tom cat.
2. The lioness killed the small she-goat.
3. Many vixen were trying to take the lioness prey away.
4. He does not like history.
5. The princess was sitting on her throne beside the queen.

6. The authoress of this book is very learned.
7. The father was waiting for his son.
8. Grandfather was looking for his spectacles.

E. Write M for masculine, F for feminine, C for common or N for neuter in the brackets :

- Ans.**
1. A hen (F) and a cat (F) became good friends.
 2. The pupils (C) are decorating the hall (N).
 3. The family (C) watched the story of Lord Rama (M)

on television (N).

4. My friend Priya (F) has a rooster, a duck (F) and a gander (M).
5. The doctor (C) checked the patient (C) and told the nurse (C) to take care.
6. The chairman (M) of the company is delivering a speech (N).



5

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable personal pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. I am ready to go with you. Do **you** come with **me**?
 2. It was **me** who helped the poor.
 3. He did **his** work.
 4. **We** should never tell a lie.
 5. This novel is very interesting. Have **you** read it?
 6. Sonu has two brothers. **They** are older than **him**.

B. Fill in the blanks with the right possessive pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. Your sister's handwriting looks better than **yours**.
 2. We have had our breakfast. Have you had **yours**?
 3. This car is of my father. That bike is also **his**.
 4. The postman gave me a couple of letters but neither of them was **mine**.
 5. Vishal has lost his pen. Ask Sneha if she can lend him **hers**.

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable interrogative pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. **Where** are you going?
 2. **Where** will they go now?
 3. **What** do you want?
 4. **Why** do you late today?
 5. **Who** is your class teacher?
 6. **Whose** is this lovely dress?
 7. **Who** told you that I was ill?
 8. **When** shall we have our breakfast?

D. Fill in the blanks with the following words :

- Ans.**
1. There was our dresses. These dresses was **ours**.
 2. Those are their flowers. Those flowers are **theirs**.
 3. This is my bike. This bike is **mine**.
 4. It was his blunder. The blunder was **his**.
 5. These are her frocks. These frocks are **hers**.

E. Fill in the blanks with suitable reflexive and emphatic pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. You do not express **yourself** properly.
 2. The children hid **themselves** behind the main gate.
 3. She was sitting by the roadside by **herself**.
 4. She **herself** baked the cake.
 5. They got **themselves** in a great difficulty.
 6. Why are you hurting **yourself**?

F. Fill in the blanks with distributive pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. **Each** of the soldiers was brave.
 2. **Each** of the girls could dance well.

The Pronoun— Kinds of Pronouns

3. **Either** of these children will have the chocolate.
4. **Neither** of the roads will take you to Agra.
5. **Each** statement is true.

G. Fill in the blanks with demonstrative pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. **These** are the flowers which I plucked today.
 2. **Those** are our dresses; **these** are yours.
 3. **This** is my bike and **that** is yours.
 4. **That** is a very expensive towel.
 5. **These** are rotten apples.
 6. **This** is the table that I purchased last year.

H. Fill in the blanks with relative pronouns :

- Ans.**
1. The man **who** is standing there had been a good cricketer.
 2. This is the man **whom** we met yesterday.
 3. Bring me the books **which** I left on the table.
 4. Sameena **whom** all the friends love is very helpful.
 5. Do you know the place **where** Deepika lives?
 6. We met a lady **whose** husband is a famous doctor.

I. Fill in the blanks with 'who', 'whom', 'whose', 'which' or 'that' :

- Ans.**
1. I thanked the boy **who** helped my mother.
 2. This is the book **that** I like the most.
 3. I do not like the shirt **which** is hanging on the wall.
 4. This is the house **that** my uncle built.
 5. Look at the clock **which** is on the wall.
 6. This is the boy **whose** father is lawyer.
 7. This is the man **whose** house is at the river bank.
 8. She was wearing a frock **which** her mother had given her.

J. Complete the following sentences with the words from the box :

- Ans.**
1. A person who treats diseases by means of operations is called a **surgeon**.
 2. A **guard** is in charge of a railway train.
 3. A person who fixes glass into window frames is called a **glazier**.
 4. A **porter** is a person who carries luggage at railway stations.
 5. A person who mends our shoes is called a **cobbler**.
 6. A **farmer** is a man who grows crops.
 7. A person who collects fares in a bus is called a **conductor**.



6

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Complete the sentences by choosing the right

adjectives from the brackets :

- Ans.**
1. Were there **many** boys?



2. Cricket is a very **interesting** game.
3. Sachin is **innocent**.
4. The dog is a **faithful** animal.
5. You should take **green** vegetables.
6. The pupils loved the teacher because he was very **intelligent**.
7. **Sweet** voice attracts everyone.
8. The apples were **fresh**.
9. My father gave me a **sweet** apple.
10. The sweet was very **delicious**.
11. The sky looks **dark** at night.
12. The **mini** bus goes to the Taj Mahal.

B. Complete these sentences using any Adjective that you think is suitable :

- Ans.**
1. A **happy** dog wags its tail.
 2. **What** type of man is he?
 3. **Which** method is easier?
 4. She is walking with **her** brother.
 5. Each hand has **five** fingers.
 6. I have read **this** book in the cupboard.
 7. February is the **second** month of the year.
 8. I have two hats but **one** fits me properly.
 9. I would like to buy **some** apples.
 10. An elephant is a **large** animal.



7

The Adjective— Degrees of Comparison

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of adjectives given brackets :

- Ans.**
1. The Mount Everest is the **highest** peak in the world.
 2. He is the **tallest** of all boys.
 3. He is **older** than I.
 4. Srishti is the **most beautiful** girl.
 5. Lead is **heavier** than any other metal.
 6. This cloth is **more comfortable** than that.
 7. Poonam is the **fairest** girl in the class.
 8. The Himalayas are the **tallest** of all the mountains.
 9. Jaipur is one of the **most beautiful** cities of India.
 10. Iron is the **most useful** metal.

B. Correct the sentences. The mistakes are underlined. Look at the example :

- Ans.**
1. Who is stronger, Rani or Aman?
 2. The poor man had never experienced happy days.

3. He is taller than two.
4. John is older than two brothers.
5. Siddhartha always wears loose shirt.
6. The whale is the largest animal in the world.
7. He is the highest educated person.

C. Rewrite the sentences using the correct degree of the adjectives given in the brackets :

- Ans.**
1. He is the youngest of all the children.
 2. This bunch of bananas is the worst of the lot.
 3. She is the smartest girl in her class.
 4. Which is the oldest house in the street?
 5. My dish is hotter than yours.
 6. Who is the best among the boys?
 7. Mangoes are the sweetest of all fruits.
 8. Is this book useful than that one?
 9. I was happy to receive the award.
 10. An elephant is shorter than a giraffe.



8

The Verb— Kinds of Verbs

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Underline the verbs in the following passage :

- Ans.** Butterflies and moths are beautiful flying insects. They belong to a family named Lepidoptera. In Latin, this word is split into “lepid” which means scale, and “ptera” which means wing. Butterflies and moths have a head, two antennae, thorax, abdomen and six legs like all other insects. They have a tube-like structure called proboscis for sucking flower nectar and other liquids. Butterflies and moths have four wings covered with tiny scales. However, the butterfly's scales are often colourful whereas the moth's are often dull.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Circle the transitive verbs and underline their objects :

- Ans.**
1. The moon shines in the sky.
 2. The clouds are grey.
 3. The horse galloped fast.
 4. The birds chirped in their nest.
 5. Sonu gave the gift to me on my birthday.
 6. John Milton wrote poetry.

B. Give the past and past participle form of the following verbs :

- Ans.**
- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. bend – bent, bent | 2. speak – spoke, spoken |
| 3. catch – caught, caught | 4. hide – hid, hid |
| 5. walk – walked, walked | 6. lie – lay, lain |

C. Rewrite the following sentences changing the verbs into the past tense :

- Ans.**
1. They completed their home work.
 2. The officer knew me well.
 3. She took her lunch at 12:30 pm.
 4. The sun shone brightly.

D. Fill in the blanks with the past participle form of the verbs given having suitable helping verb :

- Ans.**
1. I **have** already **met** Milan at morning.
 2. Manju **composed** a nice song.
 3. India **has won** the final match by 50 runs.
 4. We **have decided** to accept his invitation.
 5. The train **left** the platform just now.

E. Fill in the blanks with verbs which indicate an action an event or a state :

- Ans.**
1. The old lady **suffered** in poor health.
 2. Our Chief Guest **gives** a speech.
 3. Mrs Sexena **tells** us History.
 4. The driver **drives** the car.
 5. The captain **achieved** a goal.





Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. In each of the following sentences supply a verb given in the brackets in agreement with its Subject :

- Ans. 1. Either you or I **am** in the wrong.
 2. Many of these girls **have** failed.
 3. Neither Mohit nor his parents **have** invited me.
 4. Both the robbers **have** been arrested.
 5. Either he or I **am** to go there.
 6. Many a girls **have** reached school in time.
 7. Either Shubham or Milan **has** done this.
 8. Neither of these two books **is** interesting.
 9. Saba and Sana **are** friends.
 10. Neither you or he **is** to come.

B. In each of the following sentences, fill up the blanks with the verb in agreement with its subject :

- Ans. 1. Neither of them **is** speaking the truth.
 2. The mother, with her two children, **has** left the house.
 3. Fifty metres **is** a walking distance.
 4. He as well as you **are** intelligent.
 5. Either he or you **were** in the field.
 6. Copper as well as aluminium **is** very useful metal.
 7. None of you **have** taken my problem seriously.
 8. Which of these two bikes **is** yours?

C. Tick (✓) the word which is correct and write it in the provided spaces :

- Ans. 1. The ship with its entire crew **is** lost.
 2. Every man, woman and child **was** happy.
 3. The cost of all vegetables **has** been risen.
 4. The songs of this movie **are** very melodious.
 5. The merchant as well as his sons **were** greedy.
 6. Neither Mani nor his friends **deserves** the prize.
 7. The Major with all his soldiers **was** killed in a bomb attack.
 8. Fifty kilometres **is** not a short distance.
 9. Bread and butter **is** a complete breakfast.
 10. Nobody but Sachin and Rahul **were** in the class.

D. In some of the following sentences, the subject and verb do not agree. Spot those sentences and make necessary correction in the verb :

- Ans. 1. Mathematics has already been my favourite subject.
 2. Neither the girl nor her mother has ever travelled by air.
 3. All the members of the family are very intelligent.
 4. My two brothers, along with mother, visit me every Sunday.
 5. Everyone is solving the problem.
 6. David, as well as his two friends, call on to play.
 7. The news is really very good.
 8. The carton of eggs is in the kitchen.
 9. Either Kunal or his brothers are going to repair our LED TV.
 10. The soldiers are marching forward.

E. Correct the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. The baby is sleeping in the cradle.
 2. He has finished his work.
 3. I slept before you came.
 4. I am the student of class VI.
 5. He was reading.
 6. You are going to the movie.
 7. She has came in time.
 8. The bees were humming over the flowers.
 9. They has laughed at me.
 10. The patient has died before the doctor came.

F. Choose and fill in suitable verbs :

- Ans. 1. You **fly** kites on the roof.
 2. We **live** in Meerut.
 3. I **play** chess with my sister.
 4. She **writes** a letter to her friend.
 5. The animals **look** for food when they are hungry.
 6. He **lights** a candle.
 7. **Help** the poor.
 8. They **come** here everyday.

G. Fill in the blanks with a verb in agreement with its subject, choosing it from the choices given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. Neither of the boys **has** come.
 2. My parents **are** very kind.
 3. One of my friends **was** here.
 4. Cows **give** us milk.
 5. The giraffe **has** a long neck.



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable adverbs given in the box below :

- Ans. 1. You can solve this problem **easily**.
 2. He left this place **yesterday**.
 3. **Where** did he go yesterday?
 4. The girl sang **sweetly**.
 5. Srishti writes **neatly**.
 6. We called him **twice**.
 7. **When** did you return from Lucknow?
 8. I was **very** happy yesterday.

B. Underline the adverbs in the following sentences and tell what kind of adverb is each by writing in the space provided. Some sentences have more than one

Adverb. First two are done for you :

- Ans. 1. Indian soldiers fought bravely. Adverb of Manner
 2. He never comes late. Adverb of Frequency
 3. The wind was bitterly cold. Adverb of Manner
 4. I am somewhat better today. Adverb of Time
 5. The students solved the questions wisely. Adverb of Manner
 6. The old man was very tired. Adverb of Frequency
 7. Why are you so late? Adverb of Time
 8. My father is upstairs at the moment. Adverb of Place
 9. Today the children have not done their lessons well. Adverb of Manner
 10. "All the children shouted loudly," Abhishek is quite wrong. Adverb of Manner



C. Form the adverbs from the adjectives given in the brackets and fill up the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. The girls are singing **loudly**.
 2. The lazy boy yawned **sleepily**.
 3. Is she sitting **comfortably** in the chair?
 4. Read all the questions **carefully**.
 5. Babita could solve all the sums **easily**.
 6. The lion roared **loudly**.
 7. Grandmother frowned **gloomily**.
 8. She is waiting in the queue **patiently**.
 9. She sang the song **sweetly**.
 10. The match was going on **excitedly**.
 11. The baby wept **bitterly**.
 12. Mayank answered the questions **hardly**.

D. Rewrite the following sentences, inserting the adverbs given in brackets in its proper place :

- Ans.** 3. The story is **quietly** interesting.
 4. This child speaks **fluently** English.

5. You should **never** make such a mistake again.
 6. The train has **just** arrived.
 7. The girl ran **very** fast.
 8. The sun sets **never** in the east.
 9. I am **too** glad to see you.
 10. She helps **always** the poor.

E. Rewrite the given sentences with adverbs opposite in meaning to those given in bold. Choose from the box :

- Ans.** 1. The master treated the servant cruelly **kindly**.
 2. The driver read the directions carelessly **careful**.
 3. The oldman walked quickly. **slowly**
 4. Danish spent all his wealth foolishly. **wisely**
 5. I looked for my lost bag nowhere. **everywhere**
 6. My father was waiting for me downstairs. **upstairs**
 7. The class works noisily. **quietly**
 8. As I went upstairs the cat ran upstairs. **downstairs**
 9. She always talked us angrily. **smilingly**
 10. Mehul is always late for school. **never**



11

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Underline the prepositions in the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. I have placed my breakfast in the oven to be warmed.
 2. In this chapter you will learn more about different prepositions.
 3. The teacher entered into the class.
 4. The old farmer has divided his wealth among his all sons and daughters.
 5. Your teacher will solve this problem on the blackboard.
 6. In some sentences, the preposition is placed after the word, it modifies.
 7. She is writing a letter in blue ink.
 8. It indicates the relation between two or more words.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill up the blanks with suitable prepositions :

- Ans.** 1. I have not met my friend **for** a long time.
 2. The child hid the nut **under** the mat.
 3. Complete your homework **in** time.
 4. What do you get **by** your play?
 5. She lives **at** Civil Lines Meerut.
 6. She came and sat **beside** her husband.
 7. She dived **into** the river but I sat **on** the bank.
 8. The final match will be played **between** India and Sri Lanka.
 9. I saw the cat running **into** the kitchen.

10. Please wait here **for** me.
 11. She is sitting **in** the drawing room.
 12. I have been in this office **since** 2012.

B. Choose a suitable preposition from the brackets to fill in the blanks in each sentence :

- Ans.** 1. There is a gallery for viewers **beside** the pool.
 2. Shobhit usually swims **under** the water.
 3. Girls are walking **down** the hill.
 4. **At** the end of the pool the depth of the water is two metres.
 5. There are quite a few viewers **in** the gallery.
 6. David is standing waist-deep **in** the water.
 7. Hritik is walking **along** the edge of the road.
 8. Raveena is jumping **into** the pool.

C. Inserting the correct prepositions removing wrong ones rewrite the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. The kite was flying above the clouds.
 2. Three girls were selected with Sonia for the dance.
 3. She cut her finger with a knife.
 4. I met her at the station.
 5. She sat beside me.
 6. They go to their school by bus.
 7. It has been raining for three hours.
 8. There is no quarrel between both of brothers.
 9. They live in Canada.
 10. I shall be there since morning.



12

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Join each pair of sentences :

- Ans.** 1. Srishti was in but Raveena was out of the class.
 2. Gandhiji worked and died for the nation.
 3. Milind plays cricket and hockey.
 4. Mohit did his best but failed.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Join each pair of sentences by using or, else, otherwise and unless :

- Ans.** 1. You cannot get success unless you become sharp minded.
 2. Stop running otherwise you will get out of breath.
 3. Don't make a noise or the baby will get up.
 4. He cannot work properly unless he possesses good health.
 5. Run fast otherwise you cannot get into the school.
 6. Is your sister's new baby a boy or a girl?

The Conjunction



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Join each pair of sentences by using **so, therefore, because, as and since** :

- Ans. 1. Since the night was very dark, I could not see the way properly.
2. I like this coat because it is warm.
3. As it was very hot yesterday, I could not take rest.
4. He is intelligent therefore he is regarded by everyone.
5. I could not attend the meeting because I was out of station.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Join each pair of the sentences by using **though, although and still** :

- Ans. 1. Although I am poor, I want to see everyday happy.
2. It was a slow movie still I enjoyed it.
3. The old man is sitting in peaceful manner, though he is very hungry.
4. She belongs to a poor family still she is very honest.
5. Although Daniel was very wise, the king did not trust him.

B. Underline the conjunctions in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. They should work hard or they will suffer.
2. He has made sincere effort therefore he is sure to succeed.
3. You should wait here till your sister returns.
4. Raveesh could not attend the first day because he was ill.
5. Sonika is intelligent but escapes from hard working.
6. I went to market but forgot something.
7. He did his best but could not obtain good marks.
8. The snake charmer opened the basket and took out a cobra.

C. Join together the following pairs of sentences, using the words in brackets :

- Ans. 1. Although it was raining cats and dogs, he attended the meeting.
2. We don't know why he is so late.
3. Do not run so fast lest you should hurt yourself.
4. He can go to Nainital or Jaipur.
5. As you are tired, you should take rest.
6. He is rich still he is not spending a happy life.
7. Since the holidays began, I have not met Saba.
8. The last bus has also left therefore I am walking back home.

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions :

- Ans. 1. I dismissed my servant **because** he did not do any work properly.
2. She has not come to school **as** she is not feeling well.
3. She is honest **therefore** everybody likes her.

4. Read the question paper carefully **otherwise** you may make any mistake.
5. **Either** you **or** your brother should pay the debts.
6. **As** somebody pays you regard, you should also do the same.
7. He learned his lesson well **but** he could not solve his paper well.
8. Wait here **till** I come back.
9. **Neither** she must weep **nor** she will die.
10. He is so weak **therefore** he cannot move.
11. He will come **either** on Monday **or** Tuesday.
12. The sun set **and** the night fell.
13. **If** you tell me the truth, I shall forgive you.
14. She finished first, **though** she started late.
15. **Because** he was not there, I talked to his brother.

E. Fill in the blanks with the conjunctions from the box.

- Ans. 1. Giraffe is the tallest mammal in the world. **Although** they are native to Africa, they are famous all over the world.
2. Male giraffe can grow up to 5.5 metres tall **but** females are generally shorter.
3. They are well known not only for their very long neck, **but** also for their front legs.
4. Giraffes can eat 60 kilograms of leaves and twigs a day **yet** they can survive on much less.
5. **Although** they eat a variety of leaves, their favourite food is the acacia tree.
6. Giraffes usually walks slowly and **but** when they are chased they run fast.
7. Giraffes were thought to be silent animals **yet** research has shown that they do make noise.

F. Fill in the blanks with correct conjunctions from the box. You may use some of the conjunctions more than once.

- Ans. Communication is very important in everyday life. We all grow up speaking at least one language-our mother tongue **either**. You live in a multi-cultural community, you will probably speak two **or** more languages. Even **if** you only speak one language, you learn another one at school. In our schools the second language is **either** English **or** Urdu. Sometimes. It is Punjabi **or** any other regional language. Did you know more people speak the Chinese language **than** speak English! **But** more people actually speak Chinese,. English is used for international communication especially on the Internet. So it is very important to learn English. **Although** you start learning when you are young. You learn English **either** at school **or** in special language schools. So, learn English, enjoy it.



13

Tenses

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the simple present tense forms of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **understands** my problem.
2. The Meerut Bakery **bakes** delicious cakes.
3. He **teaches** English very well.
4. My grandfather **likes** reading the newspaper.
5. They **take** rest under this tree.

B. Fill in the blanks with the simple past tense forms of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. Sonu **played** a role in the show.
2. We **traveled** all the day.
3. Edison **invented** the electric bulb.
4. He **conveyed** me your message.
5. The guests **arrived** late.

C. Fill in the blanks with the simple future tense forms



Interactive Grammar-6

8



of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. He **will pass** the examination this year.
 2. They **will reach** here late in the night.
 3. She **will try** her best to help you.
 4. Mr Sinha **will teach** us English.
 5. The injured man **will cross** the hilly road.

D. Fill in the blanks with simple past tense forms of the verbs the box :

- Ans. A long time ago there was a kind old man, Jeeshan, who **lived** in a small house in a village. One day he **went** to the market to buy some food. After buying food **started** to walk back to home. On his way, a friend **stopped** him and **started**, "Jeeshan, do you know how to cook curry? I have a wonderful recipe!" Jeeshan **did not know** how to cook very well, so he was happy to have his friend's recipe. He **continued** to walk home. Suddenly a big black bird flew down from the sky and **grabbed** the curry. Because Jeeshan **was** such a kind and generous old man, he **shouted**, "Come back! The curry is no good without this recipe!"

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the present continuous tense form of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. The sun **is rising** in the east.
 2. I **am doing** my homework.
 3. He **is coming** here to see me.
 4. The doctor **is treating** the patient.
 5. The peon **is ringing** the bell.

B. Fill in the blanks with the past continuous tense form of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. They **were learning** their lessons yesterday.
 2. Shobhit **was sleeping** at that time.
 3. She **was preparing** the breakfast for her father.
 4. We **were playing** cricket yesterday.
 5. I **was completing** my homework.

C. Fill in the blanks with the future continuous tense form of the Verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. My father **will be returning** from Lucknow tomorrow.
 2. He **will be telling** a lie to us.
 3. The mason **will be building** a wall.
 4. Mother **will be cleaning** the floor tomorrow.
 5. She **will be going** to market tomorrow.

D. Turn the following sentences into the Present Continuous Tense :

- Ans. 1. The girls are singing song.
 2. He is leaving for Kolkata tonight.
 3. He telling a lie.
 4. They are wasting their time.
 5. I am going to the railway station.
 6. A bird is singing on that tree.
 7. She is returning from the school.
 8. The old woman is walking slowly.
 9. My sister is ironing my clothes.
 10. We are taking tea.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the present perfect tense form of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **has learnt** her lesson now.
 2. Sunita **has found** the key to her room.
 3. All the students **have taken** the sweets.
 4. My brother **has helped** me in my homework.
 5. The Principal **has taken** rest now.

B. Fill in the blanks with the past perfect tense form of the Verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **had completed** her work when her friend came.
 2. The peon **had rung** the bell when I reached the school.
 3. The shepherds **had taken** their sheep from the meadow.
 4. The train **had arrived** at the station when I reached there.
 5. The police **had arrested** the robbers before the end of this week.

C. Fill in the blanks with the future perfect tense form of the Verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **will have done** her work before I reach.
 2. He **will have learnt** his lesson by now.
 3. I **shall have visited** all the hill stations of India before I am fifteen.
 4. My father **will have written** a letter by now.
 5. I hope it **will have stopped** raining by evening.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the present perfect continuous form of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. The wind **has been blowing** for an hour.
 2. The teacher **has been teaching** English for half an hour.
 3. It **has been raining** heavily since morning.
 4. Our country **has been progressing** very fast since August 15, 1947.
 5. He **has been suffering** from malaria for one week.

B. Fill in the blanks with the past perfect continuous form of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. The police **had been keeping** a watch over his movements since 16th April.
 2. She **had been thinking** something for half an hour.
 3. I **had been learning** my lesson since 7:00 am.
 4. They **had been waiting** for you since morning.
 5. He **had been suffering** from fever for one week.

C. Fill in the blanks with the future perfect continuous tense form of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **will have been finishing** her homework very soon.
 2. They **will have been picking** fruits for half an hour.
 3. He **will have been singing** continuously for two hours.
 4. They **will have been playing** cricket for five years.
 5. Tomorrow at this time, I **will have been flying** to London for two hours.



14

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Change the Verbs in the following sentences from active into passive voice :

- Ans. 1. Are your elders obeyed by you?
 2. Writing has been finished by all the students.
 3. A new motorbike had recently been bought by me.



4. Were you invited by Shekhar?
5. The flowers were being plucked by a young girl.
6. By whom the door has been opened.
7. By whom this news has been brought?
8. We are taught English by him.

B. Change the Verbs in the following sentences from the passive into the active voice :

- Ans.** 1. She was writing a letter.
2. He saw me in the market.

3. The thief had stolen the money.
4. Who taught you English?
5. A masked person robbed him.

C. Change the following sentences into passive voice :

- Ans.** 1. A story was told by the teacher to me.
2. The prizes were given away by the Principal.
3. The beggar was helped by Srishti yesterday.
4. We were stopped by the police.
5. By whom a noise was being made in the class?



Direct and Indirect Speech

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Change the following sentences into indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. He said that the postman would deliver all the letters in time.
2. The teacher said that Sonam might stand first in the class.
3. The slave said that we must left at once.
4. The Inspector said that the police had been trying hard to catch the thief.
5. She said that Mother was preparing the breakfast.
6. Grandfather said that Rohit was revising his lessons.
7. The doctor said that the patient would recover soon.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Change the following sentences into indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. I said that the monkey had bit him in the leg.
2. Drishti told me that she had sang well.
3. Sanjay said that he was not guilty.
4. Om told me that I was a good player.
5. I said that I should solve it.
6. You said me that I would write you a letter.

Change the following sentences into indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. Sachin said that wheat did not grow there.
2. Sunidhi said that she had bought a novel the previous day.
3. Rahul said that he might go to Lucknow the next day.
4. The teacher said the next day would be a holiday.
5. Raj said that he could not waste his time then.
6. She said that she had a peaceful sleep the previous night.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Change the following sentences into indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. He requested to Roshan to help him in his work.
2. The leader requested to vote for him in the forthcoming elections.
3. He ordered me to wait till he return.
4. The Commander ordered to his men to stand at ease.
5. The teacher ordered to Ravi to read a bit loudly.
6. The old man requested to bring him some food.
7. The mistress ordered to her maid to go to the market then.
8. The beggar begged the boys to give him some money.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Turn the following sentences into indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. He asked Seema where she was going.
2. My mother asked me whether I did not know that my father was angry with me.
3. She asked me why I had called her.
4. The teacher asked boys who had made the first steam engine.
5. The teacher asked students if they had completed their home work.
6. The teacher enquired Rounita why she had late the previous day.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Change the following sentences into indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. He exclaimed with surprise that she was a pretty girl.
2. He prayed with sorrow that he was ruined.
3. She wished that God might forgive her.
4. The tourist exclaimed with surprise that it was beautiful building.
5. The cow exclaimed with regret that she was foolish.

B. Complete these indirect commands and requests :

- Ans.** 1. The sign reads; 'Please wipe you feet'.
The sign requested us to **wipe our feet**.
2. 'Help me with the sums,' said Sakshi to Mum.
Sakshi asked Mum **to help her with the sums**.
3. 'Company, halt!' shouted the colonel.
The colonel commanded his company **to halt**.
4. 'Please don't leave me!' Tanya said to her brother.
Tanya begged her brother **to did not leave her**.
5. 'Take care on the steps,' said the guide to the tourists.
The guide warned the tourists **to take care on the steps**.
6. 'Sit beside me,' said Lee to Leon.
Lee invited Leon **to sit beside him**.
7. 'Take a week's holiday,' the doctor said to the patient.
The doctor advised the patient **to take a week's holiday**.
8. 'Don't look at the answer,' Miss seema said to us.
Miss Seema told us **to did not look at the answer**.

C. Change the following sentences into Indirect speech :

- Ans.** 1. She ordered me to not made a noise.
2. The teacher said to asked her any problem.
3. My mother ordered me to take off my shirt and take a bath.
4. She ordered me to sit down until she come.
5. My father ordered to go away.



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Write the Synonyms of the following words :

Ans. Admire	Praise	Expand	Spread
Vast	Big	Hollow	Empty
Surprised	Astonished	Annual	Yearly
Huge	Large	Glad	Happy
Cheerful	Joyful	Brief	Short
Small	Little	Conclusion	End
Exterior	Outside	Kind	Generous
Disappear	Invisible	Correct	Right
Eminent	Famous	Wide	Broad
Gentle	Polite	Rich	Wealthy
Wealthy	Rich		

B. Give the synonyms of the following and use them in sentences of your own :

- Ans. 1. Superficial : Exterior , He is a man with a rough exterior.
 2. Tragedy : Calamity , Hurricane Katrina was truly a calamity.
 3. Physical : Worldly , Worldly pleasures are not eternal.
 4. Careless : Slack , Sara, please, cut me some slack here.
 5. Circular : Round , We bought a round table.
 6. Graceful : Beautiful , She was looking very beautiful in pink gown.

7. Associate : Cooperate , You must cooperate in 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'.
 8. Flexible : Stretchy , The shirt, I am wearing, is very stretchy.
 9. Benefit : Profit , Our company produced a big profit this year.
 10. Hesitate : Vacillate , He vacillated between republican and monarchist sentiments.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick up antonyms from the responses in place of the word/words in bold :

- Ans. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (b)
 6. (c) 7. (d) 8. (c) 9. (c)

B. Following is the list of word and their antonyms. Find the pairs and write them in the space provided below:

Ans. Word	Antonyms	Word	Antonym
freedom	slavery	descent	ascend
above	below	permanent	temporary
great	small	create	destroy
follower	leader	melt	freeze
junior	senior	night	day
under	over	departure	arrival
peace	war	wet	dry
alive	dead	superior	inferior
attractive	ugly	rise	fall
strict	lenient		

Words Likely to be Confused

9. I **advise** you to learn your lesson.
 10. Sorry, I can not **hear** it.
 11. The **weather** is very hot today.
 12. The mangoes are cheap, but the apples are **dear**.
 13. He has been ill for a long time, so he is **weak**.
 14. There is a **hole** in my pocket.
 15. She is **quite** well.
 16. You should **practice** spoken English.
 17. Please **wait** here for me for some time.
 18. Dear students, you should learn your **lesson**.
 19. We should follow his **advice**.
 20. We are the lover of **peace**.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

• Fill in the each choosing the correct word from the brackets :

- Ans. 1. Go to the **dairy** and buy some milk products.
 2. This ointment will **heal** your wounds very soon.
 3. Can you **break** the bundle of sticks.
 4. I **heard** the news yesterday evening.
 5. I would like to talk to the **principal**.
 6. Be **quiet**, children.
 7. There was a **piece** of paper lying on the floor.
 8. These shoes don't fit me; they are **loose**.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Write one word for the following groups of words against each :

- Ans. 1. A person who investigates crime. **Detective**
 2. A person who extracts teeth. **Dentist**
 3. A person who sells potatoes, brinjals, onions, etc. **Green grocer**
 4. A person who sells meat. **Butcher**
 5. A person who carries your baggage at a railway station. **Porter**
 6. A person who shaves men. **Barber**
 7. A person who takes money at a restaurant.

B. Match Column A with Column B :
 Column A Column B

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| 1. A person who makes threads into cloth | g. A weaver |
| 2. A person who is trained to fly an aeroplane | b. A pilot |
| 3. A person who mends our shoes | e. A cobbler |
| 4. A person who treats the patients | a. A doctor |
| 5. A person who teaches | d. A teacher |
| 6. A person who sells tickets on a bus. | c. A conductor |
| 7. A person who bakes | f. A baker |

Proprietor/Cashier

Mechanic

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with suitable idioms given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. The preparation of the World Cup tournament is on the **full swing**.
 2. Life is not a **bed of roses**.
 3. Money attracts everyone **like a moth to a flame**.
 4. I had never expected such **cold shoulder** from my friend.
 5. All his **kith and kin** had attended his wedding.
 6. Both of brothers have been having **cock and bull story** for quite some time. I wish their enmity ended soon.
 7. The dancer's performance needs just **icing on the cake** before the finale show.

B. Match the idioms given in Column A with their respective meanings in Column B :

- | A | | B | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1. Bed of roses | c. a comfortable or luxurious position | | |
| 2. Run out of steam | g. be completely out of energy | | |
| 3. Burn the midnight oil | i. studying or working late into or through the night | | |
| 4. Under the weather | e. an enjoyable day | | |
| 5. Cold shoulder | h. deliberate disregard for someone or something | | |

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 6. Fish out of water | d. a person in an unsuitable position |
| 7. Eleventh hour | a. the last minute |
| 8. Jack-of-all trades; master of none | f. a person who knows a little about many jobs but isn't skilled at any one job |
| 9. A drop in the bucket | b. a very small part of something big |
| 10. At sixes and sevens | j. a state of confusion |

C. Match the proverbs given in Column A with their respective meanings in Column B :

- | A | | B | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Ans. 1. All that glitters is not gold | c. All good looking things are not genuine. | | |
| 2. Look before you leap | e. Corrective measures are always good. | | |
| 3. Laughter is the best medicine | b. Keeping oneself happy is the remedy of all ills. | | |
| 4. Faith will move mountains | g. Firm belief can make even impossible, possible. | | |
| 5. Rome was not built in a day | a. Any good work takes time to be completed. | | |
| 6. It's never too late to mend | d. Don't be hasty in taking decisions. | | |
| 7. All work and no play makes James a dull boy | f. Work and fun should go hand in hand. | | |

COMPREHENSION-1

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Answer the following questions :

- Ans. 1. The fossil fuels are formed deep in the earth from the breakdown of animals and plants that lived millions of years ago.
 2. Electricity comes from burning fuels, such as gas, coal and oil. Power stations burn these fuels to produce electricity.
 3. Coal, gas and oil are called fossil fuels.
 4. Solar energy and wind energy are renewable sources of energy.

B. Fill in the blanks with the suitable words given in box. You may use any word more than one place :

- Ans. For more than 100 years, people have depended on **fossil fuels** to provide **energy**. These fuels are gas, coal and oil. They are formed in the earth after millions of years. But **supplies** of fossil fuels are **limited**. What is more, they **pollute** the **environment**. When they burn, they give off soot and harmful **gases**. Scientists believe that in the future people should use **electricity** from the sun and the wind. These are called **renewable-sources** of energy because their supply is **endless**. Another advantage is that they are **clean** and do not pollute the environment.

COMPREHENSION-2

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Answer the following questions :

- Ans. 1. Diwali is celebrated in the month of Kartik according to Hindu Calendar.
 2. Sri Ram defeated Ravana, the king of Lanka before returning to Ayodhya.
 3. I whitewashed my house and painted door and windows. I decorated my house with pictures and buntings.
 4. I bought candles, toys and sweets from the market.
 5. At night, I decorated the house with rows of lighted candles. At 8 pm we worshiped goddess Laxmi, the goddess of wealth. Then we ate sweets and kheer.

B. Complete the following sentences by giving answer in one word :

- Ans. 1. A place where Sri Ram ruled over **Ayodhya**.
 2. A place where Sri Ram got victory against Ravana **Lanka**.
 3. A festival of lights **Diwali**.
 4. Goddess of wealth **Goddess Laxmi**.

COMPREHENSION-3

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Answer the following questions :

- Ans. 1. Penicillin, when introduced into the stream of human blood, acts as an aid to those parts which are always fighting the deadly germs.
 2. Penicillin could be helpful in war to save the wounded soldiers.
 3. Sir Alexander Fleming was the inventor of Penicillin.



- The chief uses of Penicillin are to heal wounds caused by bacteria which cannot otherwise be healed and to save the wounded soldiers in war.
- Yes, Penicillin can destroy all kinds of germs.
- encourage—discourage, destroyed—created

COMPREHENSION-4

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Now answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
- Ashoka ruled over India about two thousand years ago.
 - He inherited the whole kingdom beside Kalinga.
 - Ashoka fought the battle because he wanted to conquer Kalinga.
 - In the battle thousands of innocent people were killed and wounded in the battle. Many young women became widows and many children orphans. This changed Ashoka's heart.
 - Ashoka won the hearts of the people through love and affection.

B. Write one word for each sentence :

- Ans.**
- A woman whose husband is dead **widow**.
 - One whose parents are dead **orphan**.
 - One who follows any religion **follower**.
 - One who adopts the path of religion **Dharma**.

COMPREHENSION-5

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
- He had to stay at New Bedford because the last boat for Nantucket had already left and there wouldn't be another till Monday morning.
 - The harpooner had brought a lot of embalmed Shrunken heads to sell, it was the strange lot.
 - Whenever Ishmael felt down, he would head off to the sea.
 - Ishmael planned to go to Nantucket an island off the coast of Massachusetts to catch a whaling ship.
 - He ended up sharing a room with a harpooner because he had no choice.

B. Give the synonyms of the following :

- Ans.**
- | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. Merchant | Businessman | 2. Vessel | Ship |
| 3. Dock | Jetty | 4. Peddling | Hawking |
| 5. Trouble | Affliction | | |

C. Change the tense of following sentences into those indicated in the bracket :

- Ans.**
- I wait for the room-mate.
 - I have been looking for a low cost inn.
 - I am astounded.

- I go to New Bedford to reach here.

COMPREHENSION-6

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
- The girls clamoured for more.
 - The box contained ginger-snaps.
 - Susan had eaten sandwiches since morning.
 - Jashua walked up and down the line with food.
 - All the eatables were put in a basket.

COMPREHENSION-7

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Now answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
- The people go to Anantnag in Kashmir to worship Nag or snake.
 - Brahman's wife had a short-tempered nature.
 - The Brahman sat down beside a sacred pool to take a rest.
 - The Brahman noticed the snake inside the bag, while waking up from a deep sleep.
 - When Brahman's wife opened the bag, a snake raised its hood out and she shrieked with fear.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable words in the following sentences :

- Ans.**
- There is the place where people come to **worship** the Nag or snake. This place is called **Anantnag**.
 - Do not come back with **empty** bag.
 - He kept on searching **food** for sometimes and sat down beside **a sacred pool** to take rest.
 - Suddenly he noticed **a snake** inside the bag.
 - Both the Brahman and his wife accepted the **little baby** as their child.

C. Say whether the following sentences are true or false:

- Ans.**
- | | | |
|---------|----------|----------|
| 1. True | 2. False | 3. False |
| 4. True | 5. True | |

COMPREHENSION-8

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
- Philip sat and looked at magazines during his father's haircut.
 - Philip wanted his hair like his father's with a hole in the middle.
 - Mr Green sometimes took Philip with him to the barber.
 - Mr Green had the barber cut Philip's hair because he was of five then.
 - Mr Green went to the barber every month.
 - Mr Green cut Philip's hair at home.

Writing Section

Paragraph Completion

Fill in the blanks with suitable words and phrases of your own to complete the paragraph.

Ans. Elephant, the largest animal on the earth

The elephant is the **largest** animal on the Earth. An elephant can **lift** a load of 1200 pounds. They **eat** 300 pounds of food a day. **An** elephant baby can weigh 200 pounds at birth. Elephants can live up to 70 years. Elephants can be trained to carry logs with their **trunks**,

and have been used in the forest industry **in** Asia for many years.

Elephants use their trunks for drinking water, bathing, eating and communicating. **Now** it was discovered that elephants can communicate **in** a distance of several miles using infrasonic sounds inaudible **by** humans.

Elephants use **their** ears as a cooling system. Blood flows **by** veins in **the** ears and as the elephant flaps them, the blood cools and flows through **its** body to cool off other parts.



Elephant feet **are** large and round. **They** distribute the large animal's weight effectively. In the past, elephants were killed and their feet were made **to** umbrella stands and small tables **for** tourists. Today elephants are protected by special laws.

There are **many** kinds of elephants, the African elephant and the Indian elephant. **African** elephants can be identified by their large ears. They grow up to 10 feet in height and weigh as much as 12,000 pounds.

The Indian elephant grows up to 9 feet in height, **and** weighs around 8,000 pounds. **Its** easier to identify because of its smaller ears. Most circus elephants are Indian elephants. Another name for **the** Indian elephant is the Asian elephant. A **big** threat to elephants is the ivory trade. Most commercial ivory comes from elephant's tusks. 1979 to 1989 was a **worst** time for African elephants. About 70,000 **African** elephants were killed for ivory each year during this period.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Write a notice on the following topics :

Ans. 1. Dated : 12th Sep. 20__

School Name :

Notice— DANCE COMPETITION

Our school is organising a dance competition on 25th Sep 20__ in our school auditorium. No registration fees. Winners will get chance to represent school in inter-school competition in December. Interested meet undersigned.

Sonu Singh

House incharge

Golden House

2. Do yourself

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Read the following telephonic conversation and supposing yourself to be Manju write a message for your father who is not at home before you leave for your tuition class at 4 pm.

Ans. Date :



22

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. 1. Address :

Date :

Dear Dadaji,

I thank you very much for the Titan Quartz Wrist watch you sent me on my birthday. As I did not have a wrist watch, I was planning to buy one.

The watch sent by you is really very beautiful and has been admired by all. It will make me punctual and now I will not be late to board my school bus. It will remind me of your love for me.

We all missed you on my birthday. I once again thank you for sending me the most cherished present on my birthday.

Your loving

Rishabh

2. Do yourself

3. Do yourself

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. 1. Date :

The Principal

Time :

Dear Papa

I want to inform you that your colleague Mr Garg made a call for you but you were not available here that time. I received the call. He told me to convey you an important message that your CEO has called you today at his house regarding to foreign client. Please contact to Mr Garg for more detail.

Manju

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Write a diary entry on the given topics.

- **Suppose that you are Babita Sinha, the winner of a lottery ticket and tomorrow you will receive your prize money. Write a page of diary in not more than 100 words.**

Ans. Day, Date :

Time :

Winner of A Lottery Ticket

Today I'm very glad because I won a lottery ticket. Tomorrow I will get the price money also. I'm feeling very lucky myself. I can't believe on my fortune. It's like a dream come true for me.

I thanks to god who gave me this golden moment.

After getting price money, first of all I will go to the temple. In the evening, I will go for a great dinner with my family.

I will not waste this money in rubbish things. I will save it for future. I will also give some money in charity.

I think today is the best day for me yet.

Babita

- **You have been selected for free training at an eminent cricket academy during the summer break. Write a page of diary in not more than 100 words.**

Ans. Do yourself.

- **You have been selected for free training at an eminent cricket academy during the summer break. Write a page of diary in not more than 100 words.**

Ans. Do yourself.

Letter Writing

School Name

Sir,

Most respectfully I beg to say that my class teacher fined me for not coming to school for three days without leave. Actually the reason for not coming to school was that I was suddenly taken ill just a day before.

As my parents were away for a marriage and there was no one in the house to deliver my application, I could not even apply for leave.

I shall feel obliged if you kindly remit the fine of ` 50/- imposed on me by the class teacher.

Thanking you

Yours faithfully

Akash Singh

2. Do yourself

3. Do yourself

4. Do yourself



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Identify these words groups of common nouns and proper nouns and write their names :

- Ans.**
- | | |
|--|------------------|
| 1. the Andes, The Rockies, The Himalayas, The Alps | mountains |
| 2. Measles, Mumps, Polio, Sleeping Sickness | diseases |
| 3. The Black Sea, The Dead Sea, The Arabian Sea | oceans |
| 4. sunny, cloudy, foggy, windy | weather |
| 5. gold, silver, iron, copper | substance |
| 6. breeze, hurricane, gale, tornado | wind |
| 7. drought, famine, earthquake, plague | disasters |
| 8. leopard, elephant, bear, monkey | animals |
| 9. soccer, rugby, squash, hockey | sports |
| 10. fly, mosquito, beetle, butterfly | insects |
| 11. Greek, Spanish, Korean, Dutch | languages |
| 12. Athens, Seoul, Cairo, Riyadh | cities |

B. Underline the collective nouns and fill in the blanks with the words given in the box :

- Ans.**
- The swarm of **bees** attacked the hungry bear.
 - I picked out my favourite set of **books** from the library.
 - The board of **directors** ruled in his favour.
 - The bench of **judges** met the jury.
 - A pack of wolves **howled** at night.
 - The brood of **chicken** pecked all the grain.
 - The chest of **people** was ransacked by the burglar.
 - The shoal of **fish** swam into the deep ocean.
 - The crowd of **people** dispersed when the army sprayed tear gas.
 - The children climbed the clump of **trees** in the orchard.
 - The stack of **wood** caught fire.
 - The regiment of **soldiers** marched forward.

C. Transform these words into abstract nouns :

- Ans.**
- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. die | death | 2. kind | kindness |
| 3. hate | hateful | 4. true | truth |
| 5. live | life | 6. simple | simplicity |
| 7. see | seen | 8. just | justice |
| 9. leader | leadership | 10. child | childhood |
| 11. think | thought | 12. disobey | disobedient |
| 13. believe | belief | 16. hero | heroic |
| 17. infant | infancy | 18. long | length |
| 19. deep | depth | 20. invent | invention |

D. Write abstract nouns for the words given in brackets and complete the sentences.

- Ans.**
- In **reality** her **innocence** won over our hearts!
 - The **decisions** regarding who will get the **captaincy** has been taken.
 - Health** is **wealth**.
 - He faced **hardly** in getting that **appointment**.
 - There was no **shortage** of food because of his **generosity**.

6. Our **silence** as mistaken as our **weakness**.

7. Write with **clarity** and **perfection**.

8. Her **absence** was made conspicuous by your **presence**.

E. Identify the type of underlined nouns and write against each :

- Ans.**
- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 1. <u>Peace</u> be with you! | abstract |
| 2. There is an <u>aeroplane</u> flying overhead. | common |
| 3. Nobody can doubt on his <u>honesty</u> . | abstract |
| 4. The <u>fleet</u> of ships sailed off. | collective |
| 5. The judge spoke with great <u>pride</u> . | collective |
| 6. <u>Health</u> is wealth. | abstract |
| 7. <u>Laughter</u> tickles you inside out. | abstract |





2

Pronouns

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with the suitable from of the Personal Pronoun :

- Ans. 1. I do my work and she does **hers**.
 2. **We** brush our teeth daily.
 3. I have a book, **it** is very interesting.
 4. Trees shed **it** leaves.
 5. Nature has **its** own laws.
 6. We spend all **our** time in reading.
 7. When the stray cattle are on the road, **it** may cause accident.
 8. Our house is larger than **theirs**.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Pick out the Pronouns in the following and say which are Reflexive Pronouns and which are Emphatic Pronouns, write in given place :

- Ans. 1. Shobhit opened the door himself. **himself-Reflexive**
 2. Babita hurt herself. **herself-Reflexive**
 3. I myself admitted my fault. **myself-Emphatic**
 4. The boys hid themselves. **themselves-Reflexive**
 5. Mother herself prepared the food. **herself-Emphatic**
 6. He himself went to the class. **himself-Emphatic**
 7. The town itself is not large. **itself-Emphatic**
 8. We ourselves helped them. **ourselves-Emphatic**
 9. You will enjoy yourself. **yourself-Reflexive**
 10. Milan himself went there. **himself-Emphatic**

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with suitable Pronoun and say whether it is Distributive, Indefinite Demonstrative :

- Ans. 1. **This** is an interesting book. **Demonstrative**
 2. **Few** are born great. **Indefinite**
 3. **Each** statement is true. **Distributive**
 4. **Either** you can do it. **Distributive**
 5. **Neither** but you passed. **Distributive**
 6. **That** bag is yours. **Demonstrative**
 7. **Each** the student gets a prize. **Distributive**
 8. We did not see **all** of them again. **Indefinite**

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick out the Relative Pronouns and their antecedents in the following sentence. One has been done for you :

- Ans. 2. A boy — Antecedent
 Who — Relative Pronoun
 3. The man — Antecedent
 Who — Relative Pronoun
 4. The boy — Antecedent
 Whose — Relative Pronoun
 5. A book — Antecedent
 Which — Relative Pronoun
 6. The Pen — Antecedent

- That — Relative Pronoun
 7. The boy — Antecedent
 Whom — Relative Pronoun
 8. All — Antecedent
 That — Relative Pronoun
 9. The boys — Antecedent
 Who — Relative Pronoun
 10. The thief — Antecedent
 Who — Relative Pronoun

B. Join the following sentences by using Relative Pronoun. One has been done for you :

- Ans. 2. I know the boy who is in intelligent.
 3. I saw a girl who was eating food.
 4. I know a boy whose father is a doctor.
 5. I heard the news which pleased me.
 6. I bought a shirt which is very costly.
 7. I know a man whom everyone likes.
 8. Here is the book which belongs to me.
 9. A student came who won a prize.
 10. My brother is in England whom I love very much.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with appropriate Interrogative Pronouns :

- Ans. 1. **Who** bought this car?
 2. **Where** have you bought it?
 3. **What** do you prefer coffee or cold drink?
 4. **Which** of these bats do you like most?
 5. **What** can I do for you?
 6. **Why** do you invite him?
 7. **Who** is at the gate?
 8. By **whom** was this work finished?
 9. **Why** are you so troubled?
 10. **Who** is hiding behind the gate?
 11. **Who** is making a noise in the class?
 12. **What** is your purpose talking me like this?

B. Make suitable questions for the following answers, using Interrogative pronouns (who, whose, whom, what, which) as per given example :

- Ans. 1. Who belongs to Shobhit?
 2. What is black?
 3. Who fell and hurt herself?
 4. Who saw the book lying on the table with red cover?
 5. What caused the accident?
 6. Who want to see the Chief-Minister?
 7. Who plays the cricket well?
 8. Who wants the blue one?
 9. Which book belongs to me?
 10. Who is at the door?
 11. Who plucks the flowers from my garden?
 12. Who has come here to see you?



3

The Adjective : Kinds of Adjectives

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the right form of adjectives given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. Please be **honest** when you solve the question paper.
 2. Everybody thinks that he is the **most intelligent** boy of the class.
 3. I have an **elder** brother.



4. This is the **most expensive** dress I have ever bought.
5. Yathartha is the **youngest** boy of the class.
6. Sunita is **wiser** than her brother.
7. Let's discuss this at a **later** date.
8. Gold is the **most precious** of all metals.

B. Supply appropriate comparative degree or superlative degree of each of the following :

- Ans.** 1. Jadeja is the **fastest** bowler in Indian eleven.
2. The pen is **more useful** than the sword.

3. He is one of the **best** singer of Punjab.
4. Shakespeare is **more famous** than any other English dramatist.
5. Wordsworth is **cheaper** than Milton.
6. My brother is **taller** than my cousin.
7. Which of these bikes is **more expensive**.
8. This is the **best** gift I have received.
9. June is **hotter** than April.
10. Umesh Yadav is **fatter** than Mohit Sharma.



4

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

In the following sentences, underline the auxiliary verbs and circle the main verbs :

- Ans.** 1. Arshad is a dress designer.
2. When does the bus reach Kanpur?
3. We do enjoy a well-made film.
4. Sujata likes Indian classical dance.
5. Mini laughs loudly.
6. Deepansh learns his lesson daily.
7. Krishna doesn't live in Mumbai.
8. Srishti has a job with a famous software firm.
9. I do understand four feelings.
10. Vishal was always punctual even as a child.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Underline the verbs in the sentences given below. Also state whether the verbs in each of these is transitive or intransitive. Name the object if the verb is transitive :

- Ans.** 1. Ashoka lived a very disciplined life. **Transitive**
2. We must attend our friend's birthday party. **Transitive**
3. We should avoid speaking loudly. **Intransitive**
4. The birds are chirping in the woods. **Transitive**
5. The driver suddenly stopped the car. **Transitive**
6. All his friends deserted him when he needed their company the most. **Transitive**
7. We should not overlook the voice of common people. **Transitive**
8. He has gone to his country back. **Transitive**
9. Do you know anyone who can guide as on this subject? **Intransitive**
10. He ran very fast but failed to win the first prize in the 100-metre race. **Intransitive**

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Combine each of the following pair of sentences by using infinitives :

- Ans.** 1. He is very weak to pass in the examination.
2. The tree is very high for me to climb.
3. We go to the library to study.
4. He went to Delhi to see the India Gate.
5. He worked hard to pass the exam.

B. Combine the sentences using participles :

- Ans.** 1. Hiding in the barn, she shed bitter tears.
2. Being very tall, he became a fast bowler.
3. Opening the gate, we entered.
4. Being opened the door of house, the wealth was stolen.
5. The man wearing black coat, was my friend.
6. Being shocked by the incident, she refused to talk to anyone.
7. Beaten at every point, the enemy retreated from the battle field.
8. Taking their seats the audience started waiting for the play.
9. Being raised up his gun, the hunter went out to shoot the lion.
10. Delayed by flood, the train reached Mumbai a day late.

C. In the following sentences gerunds, present participles are given in bold. Write in the blank space whether it is gerund or present participle :

- Ans.** 1. Hunting is an offence. **gerund**
2. A weeping child was lying in the cradle. **present participle**
3. Smoking is injurious to health **gerund**
4. He saw her cooking food. **present participle**
5. Swimming is a good exercise. **gerund**
6. He was in thinking mood. **present participle**

D. Pick out the infinitives, the gerunds and the participles in the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. I want to go on a leave soon. **to go-infinitive**
2. Mr Kaushik enjoyed cooking. **cooking-present participle**
3. He has ruined his eye-sight by watching too much television. **watching-gerund**
4. We saw the house burn to ashes. **to ashes-infinitive**
5. Helping the poor is a noble deed. **helping-gerund**
6. He promised to go there. **to go-infinitive**
7. She hates flattering people. **flattering-present participle**
8. Swimming is good for health. **swimming-gerund**
9. I saw him running away. **running-present participle**
10. It is foolish to tell lies for fun. **to tell-infinitive**

Verb



5

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Underline Adverbs in the following sentences and write the words that they modify :

- Ans.** 1. She does her work regularly. **work**
2. We fully agree with you. **agree**
3. I have never seen him here. **him**

Adverb



4. He beat his son severely yesterday. **son**
5. He went out to see somebody. **somebody**
6. She does well in the examination. **examinations**
7. It is extremely cold today. **cold**
8. I cannot run fast. **run**
9. She sings very sweetly. **sweetly**
10. Why did you enter the class? **you**

B. Choose and fill in the blanks with correct Adverbs :

- Ans.**
1. The maid has served his mistress **loyally**.
 2. The sun shone **brightly**.
 3. The carpenter made the chair **laborious**.
 4. The boys made a noise **loudly**.
 5. The soldiers fought the enemy **bravely**.
 6. The old man walked **briskly**.
 7. The doctor examined the patient **minutely**.
 8. The child played on the road **carelessly**.
 9. The painter has painted the picture **beautifully**.
 10. He left the classroom **quietly**.

C. Rewrite the following sentences inserting Adverbs at the suitable places :



6

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions of place :

- Ans.**
1. An old man is taking rest **under** the banyan tree.
 2. Do you work **in** a school.
 3. The helicopter hovered **over** the house.
 4. What do you have **in** your bag?
 5. My house is **near** the river.
 6. I have a meeting **in** Chandigarh.
 7. He stood **in front of** the mirror and looked at his grey hair.
 8. Who lives in the hut **near** the bungalow?
 9. Abha is waiting for you **at** the mall.
 10. My Plane stopped **at** Kathmandu and reached **in** Delhi **on** time.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks choosing correct prepositions from the options given in brackets :

- Ans.**
1. You will have to reach there **before** noon.
 2. I sleep **at** 10 o'clock.
 3. This house was built **in** 1989.
 4. I must reach there **before** six o'clock.
 5. My school starts **at** 7 am.



7

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks using suitable coordinating conjunctions :

- Ans.**
1. He is smart **and** rude.
 2. Three **and** four make seven.
 3. The bus fell into the ditch **but** no one was hurt.
 4. Would you like to go to Sri Lanka **or** Myanmar?
 5. Prem has got no money in his wallet **nor** a credit card.

- Ans.**
1. She is never late for school.
 2. You often come on time.
 3. We are late, hence we should go early.
 4. She cannot go there.
 5. I always get up early in the morning.
 6. You are partly right.
 7. This cannot be true entirely.
 8. I have already written a letter to him.
 9. Was he still there?
 10. She was singing a song melodiously.

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable Adverbs :

- Ans.**
1. She spent her wealth **carelessly**.
 2. **Why** are you late?
 3. He **often** comes here.
 4. They came **quietly**.
 5. I was **very** tired.
 6. The school will reopen **soon**.
 7. I have seen the Red Fort **frequently**.
 8. She sang the song **sweetly**.

The Preposition

6. We shall have examinations **in** April.
7. I shall see you **after** lunch.
8. She learnt driving **in** two weeks.
9. It is very hot **in** summer.
10. I shall be of thirteen **in** 2003.
11. Children should not go out **in** the dark.
12. He arrived here **before** noon.
13. He passed the High School examination **in** the age of sixteen.
14. We greet our friends **on** New Year's Day.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

- Ans.**
1. The child cut his finger **with** knife.
 2. The bird started flying **in** the wind.
 3. Walk **towards** the school and I will meet you **on** the way.
 4. All my life, I have lived **in** this city.
 5. The children jumped **into** the pool.
 6. The car came to a halt right **in** the middle of the road.
 7. They reached the station **at** 10:30 am.
 8. The child fell down **on** the ground.
 9. I rely **on** my parents **for** the right advice.
 10. The clown jumped **into** the ring of fire.

The Conjunction

6. The hungry lion attacked the deer **but** it did not eat it.
7. The girl was angry **but** she kept a smile on her face.
8. The shop was closed **so** we could not do our shopping.
9. Alex **and** Adam were prepared to deliver the speech.
10. He found a five rupee note **and** a pencil under that tree.
11. The writer sat down on his chair **and** began to type.
12. He got full marks **but** his teacher did not praise him.

B. Fill in the blanks using subordinating conjunctions :

- Ans.** 1. I cannot help her **as** she asks me.
 2. He was drenched **so that** he was dripping all over.
 3. Father asked me to wait **till** he returned.
 4. They reached the theater **after** the show had begun.
 5. **If** you want to attend the concert, I am trying for the passes.
 6. Sunidhi is happy **because** she got a good success in exam.
 7. He keeps on asking for money **however** he belongs to a very rich family.
 8. Many changes have occurred in his life **when** he met

- his guru.
 9. He was tired **so** he fell asleep.
 10. **Though** she worked hard, she could not pass.

C. Join each pair of the following sentences by means of a suitable conjunction :

- Ans.** 1. Ravi is going to Kanpur but Harish is going to Lucknow.
 2. If she will dance, ask her.
 3. There was a drought because it rained heavily.
 4. Although I did not know her I met her.
 5. A respect him because he is a wise man.



8

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill up the blanks in the following with **shall** or **will** as required :

- Ans.** 1. They **shall** come here tomorrow.
 2. I **will** succeed or die in the attempt.
 3. He **shall** do as I bid him.
 4. She **will** be ten on next Monday.
 5. I **will** never be late again.
 6. They **shall** agree to your proposal if you present it.
 7. She **shall** be my dear wife.
 8. I **will** not be trifled with.
 9. You **shall** leave the room at once.
 10. Let's bask in the sun, **shall** we?
 11. **Will** I go there again?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable modal given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. Ram is very kind. He **shall** help you.
 2. We **should** love our neighbours.
 3. He promised that he **would** come.
 4. They **must** abide by rules.
 5. Mohan said that he **will** help him.

6. Gopi told me that Sam **could** give me money.
 7. We **will** do this work.
 8. I **would** swim across when I was young.
 9. They **should** pay the fine.
 10. She **could** dance when she was young.
B. Fill in the blanks with correct modals :
Ans. 1. **May** my friend come out of coma!
 2. Terrorists **must** be punished.
 3. Latika **could** dance for two hours at a stretch when she was young.
 4. Visitors **may** not go beyond this limit.
 5. The doctors did all that they **could** to save the patient.
 6. We **must** avoid war if we have to survive.
 7. The rich **need** not worry much for getting the necessities of life.
 8. A judge **must** be impartial and upright.
 9. **Can** I go to office, today?
 10. **May** the news be true?
 11. **May** I use your bike for a while?
 12. She was thinking that he **must** help you.
 13. **May** I enter the class, please?
 14. How many students **can** sit in this room?



9

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable Articles (a, an or the) :

- Ans.** 1. There is **a** bridge over **the** Ganges at Kanpur.
 2. **The** donkey is **a** beast of burden.
 3. He gave me **a** one-rupee note.
 4. **The** whole school will attend annual function tomorrow.
 5. Both **the** girls are very intelligent.
 6. I saw **a** one-eyed man.
 7. **An** honest man always speaks **the** truth.
 8. Wisdom is **the** great virtue.
 9. Love is **the** greatest boon of God.
 10. We heard **a** loud noise in **the** next house.

B. Rewrite the following sentences, inserting Articles wherever necessary :

- Ans.** 1. The Sun rises in the east and sets in the west.
 2. He is an honorary person of this city.
 3. Did you hear about the accident?

4. Do you know how to write an essay?
 5. The Taj Mahal is the most beautiful monument in India.
 6. Have a pity on poor.
 7. Give him a hundred rupees.
 8. The Banyan is a kind of tree.
 9. He is a tall, strong and smart person.

C. Correct the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. Her brother is an M.A. in English.
 2. Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world.
 3. We begin our work at a day break.
 4. I have never seen such an ugly girl.
 5. His brother is in the hospital these days.
 6. The Bay of Bengal separates India from Burma.
 7. The whole class was fined.
 8. The climate of Jodhpur does not suit me.
 9. The mangoes of Saharanpur are very sweet.



Modal Auxiliaries

The Articles

**Exercise**

Based on NEP 2020

Read the following sentences. Write an S in the box next to each simple sentence and a C next to each compound sentence.

- Ans. 1. I have read those instructions displayed on the noticeboard. **C**
 2. When he heard the news, he did not believe it. **C**
 3. Please stand up and let the old man have your seat. **C**
 4. The children like swimming. **S**
 5. Cheetah is very swift animal. **C**
 6. They dashed to the bus stop, but they were too late for bus. **C**

**Exercise**

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable form of be (am, is, are) :

- Ans. 1. She **is** an intelligent girl.
 2. Cow **is** a very useful animal.
 3. They **are** late again.
 4. I **am** very tired today.
 5. The weather **is** hot today.
 6. It **is** already dark.
 7. Sana and Saba **are** absent today.
 8. The answers **are** on the back of the book.
 9. The answers of the book **are** on the blackboard.

B. Rewrite the following sentences, changing the being words (is, am, are) to the negative, interrogative and negative-interrogative forms (use short forms or contractions) :

- Ans. 1. The dog isn't asleep.
 Is the dog asleep?
 Is the dog not asleep? Or Isn't the dog asleep?
 2. I'm not a teacher.
 Am I a teacher?
 Am I not a teacher? Or Aunt I a teacher?
 3. These cases aren't very heavy.
 Are these cases very heavy?
 Are these cases not very heavy? Or Aren't these cases very heavy?
 4. My shoes aren't very dirty.
 Are my shoes very dirty?
 Are my shoes not very dirty? Or Aren't my shoes very dirty?
 5. I'm not tired.
 Am I tired?
 Am I not tired? Or Aren't I tired?

C. Rewrite the following sentences changing the Verb have/has to negative, interrogative and negative-interrogative forms. Use short forms or contractions. One has been done for you :

- Ans. 1. She has no car. Or she hasn't any car.
 Has she any car?
 Has she not any car? Or Hasn't she any car?
 2. They have no orange. Or They haven't oranges?
 Have they oranges?
 Have they not oranges? Or Haven't they oranges?

Types of Sentences (Structural)

- | | |
|---|----------|
| 7. You can read or you can watch television. | C |
| 8. She said goodbye to everyone. | S |
| 9. He plays chess. | S |
| 10. The fans cheered their team. | S |
| 11. Damini woke up early, but Aparna slept until noon. | C |
| 12. The patient seemed to be in good spirits. | S |
| 13. The children fooled the gardener. | S |
| 14. We could not find the address, so we went back. | C |
| 15. They left the bank at 11 o'clock. | S |
| 16. We were planning to go the lake but our car broke down. | C |

Verbs : Expressing the Present

3. We haven't dogs and cats.
 Have we dogs and cats?
 Have she not dogs and cats? Or Haven't she dogs and cats?
 4. I haven't black hair.
 Have I black hair?
 Have I black hair? Or Haven't I black hair?
 5. She has not any doll. Or She hasn't any doll.
 Has she any doll?
 Has she not any doll? Or Hasn't she any doll?

D. Fill in the blanks with the right tense forms of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. My mother daily **sleeps** at 9 pm.
 2. It **is** very cold today.
 3. My friend **goes** to movie every Sunday.
 4. The children **play** with toy.
 5. Some trees **bear** sweet fruits.
 6. Some animals **are** in the field.
 7. The **Ganga joins** the Yamuna at Allahabad.
 8. This old man always **takes** tea without sugar.
 9. The earth **moves** around the sun.
 10. They **pluck** some flowers from this garden daily.

E. Rewrite the following sentences, changing the verbs into Negative, Interrogative and negative-interrogative :

- Ans. 1. You don't know her address.
 Do you know her address?
 Do you not know her address? Or Don't you know her address?
 2. Sonu doesn't complete her homework daily.
 Does Sonu not complete her homework daily? Or Does Sonu not complete her homework daily? Or Doesn't Sonu complete her homework daily?
 3. These girls don't learn music everyday.
 Do these girls learn music everyday?
 Do these girls not learn music everyday? Or Don't these girls learn music everyday?
 4. He doesn't drink milk.
 Does he drink milk?
 Does he not drink milk? Or Doesn't he drink milk?
 5. It doesn't rain a lot where you live.
 Does it rain a lot where you live?



Does it not rain a lot where you live? Or
Doesn't it rain a lot where you live?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with correct form of Verb in present continuous tense :

- Ans. 1. What are you doing here? I **am waiting** for my friend.
2. The sun has set. It **is getting** dark.
3. Where are the boys? They **are flying** kites.
4. Please switch off the T.V. I **am studying** at this time.
5. My mother is in the kitchen. She **is cooking** food.
6. There is nobody in the street. It **is raining** heavily.

B. Rewrite the following sentences, changing the Verbs from affirmative to negative and interrogative :

- Ans. 1. The teacher is not teaching in the class.
Is the teacher teaching in the class?
2. All the students are not paying their fees.
Are all the students paying their fees?
3. It is not raining heavily.
Is it raining heavily?
4. She is not looking at her face in the mirror.
Is she looking at her face in the mirror?
5. I am not preparing for my annual examination.
Am I preparing for my annual examination?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the present perfect tense form of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. He **has taken** his breakfast.
2. Shreya and Sunidhi **have brought** flowers for the chief guest.
3. I **have finished** my work just now.
4. We **have returned** from the market.
5. Who **has taken** my fountain pen?
6. She **has solved** all the sums.

B. Write the following sentences, changing verbs from affirmative to negative and interrogative :

- Ans. 1. The peon has not rung the bell.
Has the peon rung the bell?
2. Mother has not prepared the breakfast for the guests.
Has mother prepared the breakfast for the guests?

3. I have not done my homework.
Have I done my homework?
4. The Government has not made a good progress this year.
Has the Government made a good progress this year?
5. You have not played a fair game.
Have you played a fair game?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the present perfect continuous form of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. The baby **has been crying** since morning.
2. They **have been sleeping** for half an hour.
3. The cattle **has been grazing** in the field since morning.
4. I **have been waiting** for my friend, Srishti.
5. They **have been living** in this city for ten years.

B. Rewrite the following sentences, changing Verb from affirmative into negative and interrogative :

- Ans. 1. She has not been learning English for four years.
Has she been learning English for four years?
2. The teacher has not been teaching English since morning.
Has the teacher been teaching English since morning?
3. It has not been drizzling since morning.
Has it been drizzling since morning?
4. The river has not been overflowing its banks.
Has the river been overflowing its banks?
5. He has not been trying hard to score good marks.
Has he been trying hard to score good marks?

C. Change the following sentences as indicated in brackets :

- Ans. 1. They pluck the flowers from here.
They have plucked the flowers from here.
They haven't plucked the flowers from here.
Have they plucked the flowers from here?
2. She learns her lesson.
She has been learning her lesson.
She has not been learning her lesson.
Has she been learning her lesson?



12

Verbs : Expressing The Past

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with simple past tense of the verb given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. Last evening we **went** to see the cinema.
2. I told him that he **did not care** for me.
3. Yesterday we **played** a cricket match.
4. When **did** he **complete** his BA.?
5. She **brought** a car last year.
6. Prices **rose** by twenty per cent last year.
7. A thief **broke** into his house last night.
8. The police **arrested** the robbers last night.
9. She **sang** very beautifully before she was married.
10. Last year Hrishi **went** to his office on foot but now he goes by his car.

B. Rewrite these sentences into the (i) negative form (ii) interrogative form and (iii) negative-interrogative form :

- Ans. 1. They did not their best for good result.
Did they their best for good result?
Did they not their best for good result?
2. The farmers did not plough their field.
Did the farmers plough their field?
Did the farmers not plough their field?
3. The snake did not bite the boy.
Did the snake bite the boy?
Did the snakes not bite the boy?
4. She did not meet me last Sunday.
Did she not meet me last Sunday?
Did she not meet me last Sunday?
5. They did not leave the house a week ago.
Did they leave the house a week ago?
Did they not leave the house a week ago?
6. It did not start raining at morning.
Did it start raining at morning?



- Did it not start raining at morning?
7. He did not feel ashamed on his mistake.
Did he feel ashamed on his mistake?
Did he not feel ashamed on his mistake?
8. The master did not beat the servant with a stick.
Did the master beat the servant with a stick?
Did the master not beat the servant with a stick?
9. I did not go to see the movie last night.
Did I go to see the movie last night?
Did I not go to see the movie last night?
10. The teacher did not teach us English yesterday.
Did the teacher teach us English yesterday?
Did the teacher not teach us English yesterday?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct tense, simple past or past continuous of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. People **sang** and **danced** in the street.
2. What **were** you **doing** in your spare time?
3. We **saw** and **enjoyed** the match. (see, enjoy)
4. She **took** her breakfast and **started** for her school.
5. My mother **was cooking** the food when I **reached** at home.
6. The peon was **ringing** the bell when we **reached** at school.

B. Rewrite these sentences into the (i) negative form, (ii) interrogative forms and (iii) negative-interrogative forms :

- Ans. 1. The students were not learning their lessons.
Were the students learning their lessons?
Were the students not learning their lessons?
2. They were not talking at the back of the room.
Were they talking at the back of the room?
Were they not talking at the back of the room?
3. She was not going to school then.
Was she going to school then?
Was she not going to school then?
4. Those days he was not preparing for the annual examination.
Those days was he preparing for the annual examination?
Those days was he not preparing for the annual examination?
5. I was not practising for an audition last week.
Was I practising for an audition last week?
Was I not practising for an audition last week?
6. The old man was not taking rest.
Was the old man taking rest?
Was the old man not taking rest?
7. I was not trying to put the baby to sleep.
Was I trying to put the baby to sleep?
Was I not trying to put the baby to sleep?
8. The guests for honour were not entering the hall.
Were the guests for honour entering the hall?
Were the guests for honour not entering the hall?
9. The lion was not chasing the deer.
Was the lion chasing the deer?
Was the lion not chasing the deer?
10. The sun was not rising higher and higher in the sky.
Was the sun rising higher and higher in the sky?
Was the sun not rising higher and higher in the sky?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Change the following sentences into past perfect tense :

- Ans. 1. Your brother had left school and he learnt much there.
2. Isha had seen such an exciting scene.
3. He had shut all the windows.
4. We had seen such an intelligent boy.
5. He had heard this news from his brother.
6. He had not received your letter.
7. We had finished our meal and he did not come.
8. We had seen this circus in July last year.
9. All the shopkeepers had closed their shops.
10. They had cleaned their house for Diwali.

B. Match the column A with B to make meaningful sentence. If you make really good sentences, one part will be used only once :

- Ans. 1. It had started raining a. before the fire-brigade arrived.
2. The people extinguished the fire b. so we had to walk back home.
3. She had finished her cooking c. when the bell rang.
4. We had spent all the money d. before I left the school.
5. The teacher had almost finished the lesson e. before she switched on her television.

C. Reply the following questions in complete sentences using the past perfect tense :

- Ans. 1. Rohit had gone in the house when it started raining.
2. The students had made a noise before I entered the class.
3. I had cleaned my room after my friends left my place.
4. I had given the assignment to the students after I entered the classroom this morning.
5. The teacher had said well done after he heard my answer.

D. Join the pair of sentences using the past perfect tense making suitable changes where necessary :

- Ans. 1. She had completed her homework before she went to play.
2. He had visited many big cities before he returned home.
3. I had entered the class before the bell rang.
4. The patient died before the doctor arrived.
5. He had finished his homework before he went to sleep.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs given in brackets. You may use past indefinite, past perfect or past perfect continuous, whichever is correct :

- Ans. 1. The guests **had visited** to my house before I **went** to the market.
2. The candidates **had been waiting** for the interview since 3 o'clock when the Director General **arrived**.
3. She was annoyed because she **had been waiting** for me for a long time.
4. They **had been crying** of pain for few hours before a team of doctors **arrived**.
5. The people **had been enjoying** the circus show for two hours before the tents **caught** fire.
6. She **had called** for help before the police **came**.



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Use the correct tense form (simple future tense) of the verb given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **will complete** this work tonight.
 2. If she comes to me, I **shall go** to the library.
 3. I can't call you tomorrow. I **shall** too busy.
 4. We **shall come** tomorrow but we may be late.
 5. The match **will start** at 1.30 pm.
 6. If she **will write** her name in my notebook, I **will not forget** not it.
 7. **Will** you **agree** to work on the weekend?
 8. They **will meet** at the cinema hall this afternoon.
 9. Sukanya said, "You **will never see** him again."
 10. Wind the clock otherwise it **will go slow**.

B. Fill in the blanks with will/shall or the going to form :

- Ans. 1. They are tired so they **are going to take** rest.
 2. The markets **will be close** on Sunday.
 3. When **will** your uncle **be meet** you?
 4. I **am going to consult** the doctor tomorrow.
 5. The train is so crowded. Our journey **is going to** uncomfortable.
 6. She **will be** a doctor when she grows up.
 7. Who **will take** you to the market?
 8. This house is too small for us. Very soon we **shall purchase** a new one.
 9. If you walk in this cold, you **will have** bad cold.
 10. Manish **will complete** his work in time.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb in the future continuous tense :

- Ans. 1. Don't come next week. I **shall be preparing** for my examinations.
 2. Dinesh **will be waiting** for me at his home.
 3. When you come to me, I **shall be sitting** in the school library.
 4. I **shall be doing** my homework when you come to my house.
 5. Mohini **will be singing** on the stage at this moment tomorrow.
 6. A cool breeze **will be blowing** at this time tomorrow.
 7. They **will be thinking** of going out for a few days.
 8. The train **will be arriving** at the platform at 10.00 am.
 9. I am sure that she **will be waiting** for you.
 10. She **will be getting** into trouble if she changes her subjects at this stage.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb in the future perfect tense of the words given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. He **will have left** before you go to see him.
 2. I **shall have finished** my work by tomorrow evening.

3. They **will have reached** the station before the train departs.
 4. They **will have reached** the station before the train arrives.
 5. We **shall have written** an application by then.
 6. By this time next month, he **will have gotten** married.
 7. You will not find me at home tomorrow evening. I **shall have gone** out.
 8. I **shall have written** the letter before she comes back.
 9. Many days **will have passed** before we meet again.
 10. She **will have eaten** all the chocolates by the time we return.
 11. By the next year he **will have shifted** to another city.
 12. The train **will have come** before you reach the station.
 13. I hope, you **will have washed** your face before you come into the room again.
 14. I **shall have read** the whole book before you come back.
 15. The last bus **will have left** by the time you reach the bus-stand.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Rewrite these sentences in the future perfect continuous tense using the given words in brackets at the end of each sentence :

- Ans. 1. You will have been learning English for two hours.
 2. She will have been singing continuously for an hour.
 3. Ashok will have been living in Jaipur for ten years.
 4. They will have been touring the country for several days.
 5. In 2003, he will have been running his own business for seven years.

B. Tick (✓) correct form of the verb shown in brackets in each sentence and write it in the brackets opposite :

- Ans. 1. He had gone to market when I (a. had come / b. **came**) to see him.
 2. She (a. went / b. **will have gone**) to Mumbai by tomorrow.
 3. We shall attend the class if the teacher (a. allowed / b. **allows**) us.
 4. The train will have left the platform before he (a. had reached / b. **reaches**) the station.
 5. I wish, my father (a. will / b. **was**) be here.
 6. I shall serve him if he (a. comes / b. **will come**).
 7. He will (a. has conveyed / b. **convey**) me your message.
 8. She will (a. attend / b. **has attended**) the computer classes next year.
 9. I (a. shall have gone / b. **went**) to her place by this time tomorrow.

C. Choose the correct verb form those in brackets to fill in each blank :

- Ans. 1. I **had written** a letter to him by Sunday.
 2. My mother **will teach** me English tomorrow.
 3. They **will have completed** their work by now.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Circle the phrases in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. The clock was hanging on the wall.

2. Forests with dry grass burn easily.
 3. The teacher was unable to finish the course in time.
 4. The fruits were hanging from the branches.

5. Punishing the boys for their rude behaviour was of no use.
6. The labourers on the platform worked hard.
7. The divers swam through deep water.
8. The squirrels scampered in the background.
9. Manju dreams about becoming an ideal teacher.
10. In mean time we got the solution of our problems.

B. In each of the following sentences you will find that a word/a group of words is given in bold. If that part of the sentence is a phrase, then write P and if you feel it is a clause, then write C in the brackets given against each sentence. Follow the example :

- Ans.** 2. William Shakespeare was the poet who wrote Mercy. **C**
3. The classroom was so noisy that the teacher made us stand on the bench. **C**
4. A middle aged man was sitting on the bench in the park. **P**
5. I found this identity card lying on the road. **P**
6. Somebody was knocking at the gate. **P**
7. I have a pen which is red in colour. **C**
8. The books are on the table. **P**
9. The two men danced like playful children. **C**
10. Some students in the class were sleeping while the teacher was teaching. **C**

C. Complete the given sentences with any suitable type of clause: Noun Clause/Adjective Clause/Adverb Clause :

- Ans.** 1. He reached the house **before it was raining**.
2. If you can do it fast, **I shall give you another one to do**.
3. **The chair** which has a broken leg was sent for repairing.
4. **The essay you wrote** you must explain it.
5. **I comfort man** that he would get his lost motorcycle back.
6. He is very weak, yet **he won the race**.
7. Although he is an industrious student, **he failed in his examination**.
8. The children clapped as the **Chief Guest entered in the auditorium**.
9. People started running out as soon as **they felt vibration**.
10. Please answer the call for me in case **any problem**.

D. Underline the independent clauses in the following sentences. Complete the following using dependent clause in each sentence :

- Ans.** 1. He borrowed a computer so that **he can complete the presentation**.
2. You won't be able to finish your work if **you don't be punctual**.
3. Konica is a good swimmer while **she is lame**.
4. She was nervous because **she was leaving her house first time**.
5. We are unable to take part in the contest since **we are not eligible**.



15

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Complete the following sentence with words given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. He gave his **assent** to our proposal.
2. We should **practise** the game every day.
3. I received a **cheque** for Rs. 50,000.
4. The chief guest gave us his valuable **advice**.
5. India is a member of the Security **Council**.
6. Growing children must wear **loose** clothes.
7. We should not **exceed** the speed limit.
8. The defeat in the match had a deep **affect** on him.
9. Our house will be built on this **site**.
10. During the rainy season **lightning** stuck him.

B. Distinguish between these pairs of words by using them in sentences of your own :

- Ans.** 1. heal – Wounds heal as time passes.
heel – She is wearing high heels.
2. piece – I want a piece of cake.
peace – A dove is a symbol of peace.
3. mail – I need to check my mail.
male – The women's basketball team has a male coach.
4. advice – The best advice I can give you is to try to relax.
Advise – He will advise you and help you in ways I can't.
5. right – Sharing their problems was a step in the right direction.
write – She write a letter to her friend.

6. sight – We have lost sight of him.
- site – We are going to the site tonight.
7. week – He is out of station for a week.
- weak – He is very weak.
8. brake – Tom pulled the emergency brake.
- break – Let's take a 10 minute break.
9. route – I know a shorter route.
- root – Money is the root of all evil.

C. Use suitable words for the following blanks :

- Ans.** 1. You can prepare many things from **waste** material.
2. What is the **price** of this book?
3. Please **check** the total of this bill.
4. **Flour** is used to baked bread.
5. The colour of his dress was **red**.
6. She fell an easy **prey** to malaria.
7. We travelled by **mail** train.
8. The table is made of **wood**.
9. The **story** is interesting.
10. India has done much for world **peace**.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Match the words under A with their Antonyms under B :

- | A | B |
|-----------|-----------|
| Borrow | curse |
| All | tragedy |
| Blessing | lend |
| Country | none |
| Comedy | town |
| Famous | knowledge |
| Ignorance | notorious |



B.	Give the (opposite) Antonyms of the following :			
Ans.	night	day	love	hate
	happiness	sorrow	freedom	slavery
	pleasure	gloom	war	peace
	attack	defend	success	failure
	gain	loss	bravery	cowardly
	reward	punish	true	false
	heavy	light	pure	impure
	cheap	expensive	important	unimportant
	rise	set	difficult	easy
	guilty	innocent	invisible	visible

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Complete the following sentences by using antonyms

beginning with the prefixes given, as in the example given below :

- Ans.**
1. A **disobedient** person does not do as he is told.
 2. The milkman mixed water in milk so it became **impure**.
 3. An **imperfect** task is one which cannot be done.
 4. An **illiterate** is one who cannot read and write.
 5. A sum which is **incorrect** is wrong.
 6. An **unfriendly** person is one who is disliked.
 7. A servant who cheats his master is **dishonest**.
 8. An **unwise** person is one who is foolish.
 9. An object which is out of sight is **invisible**.
 10. An **unhealthy** person has often to consult a doctor.



16

Comprehension

Comprehension-1

Based on NEP 2020

A. Tick (✓) the correct options :

- Ans.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (d).

B. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. The misuse of drugs is called drug abuse.
 2. People take drugs illegally for the purpose of getting pleasure and thrills.
 3. The misusing of drugs can ruin a person's life and even lead to death.
 4. The medicines in the form of pills, tablets, capsules can be taken orally.

Comprehension-2

Based on NEP 2020

A. Complete the following sentences :

- Ans.** The mice stay in **holes** throughout the day. They come out and **play**.
They climb on **the pantry shelf** to taste **all they please**.
For their dinner, they have **milk, bread and cheese**.
They enjoy a lot. But when the mice hear the cat coming, they **scamper off to hide themselves**.

B. Pick out the words from the passage that mean the following :

- Ans.** 1. calm : **please** 2. to bite : **nibble**

C. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. Mice stay and hide in their holes all the day.
 2. Mice are 'rogues' here.
 3. Milk, bread and cheese are the items of food there in their feast.
 4. Mice run 'as fast as they can' to hear the cat.

Comprehension-3

Based on NEP 2020

A. Tick (✓) the correct options :



17

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Now develop the following hints into stories.

- Ans.**
1. Once there were many yellow ducklings in a pond. The mother duck took care of them and protected them daily. There was also a light green duckling. All the ducklings laughed at him because of his colour. The green duckling felt very bad but he did not say

anything to yellow ducklings. After sometime all the duckling grew up and became ducks. But the ugly green duck became a beautiful swan. The all ducks were envious with him because he looked more beautiful than them.

2. Once upon a time there was a miser. He had a pot with full of gold. He could not sleep peacefully because he was afraid that somebody stole it. He kept the pot



Composition

under his bed and sometimes he buried it in the garden. But he did not satisfy so he brought the pot back to his room. He looked it in his room and went out to work. When he returned from the work, he found that the pot of gold was not there. Miser was very sad for a while but he slept peacefully from then. He had no worries about the gold now.

B. Do yourself.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

The following news notes were sent in by the correspondent. Write the complete report in the space provided.

Ans. Date _____

The next three months are congenial for the breeding of mosquitoes. People have to be aware during this time. The Municipal Corporation of Delhi announced that if any person creates conditions which are favourable for the breeding of mosquitoes and the reason for dengue, will be fixed and even be imprisoned.

The Municipal Commission, Mr XYZ, requested to the citizen to take measures for preventing breeding of mosquitoes and aware of dengue. He promised, if anybody will found offensive, the strict action will be taken against him. He will be fined upto Rs. 1000 and/or imprisoned for upto 3 months.

People must clean their coolers once a week. Mop it and let it dry before refilling it. They should keep water tanks covered. Prevent stagnation of water in the locality. Remove unused objects that might collect stagnant water like tires, plastic bags, etc. The owners will be punished if the premises breed mosquitoes found.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A health check up camp was organized in your school last week. The check revealed certain startling facts. More than 50 students were found to be anaemic, 90 students suffered from weak eye sight and were underweight. Doctors said it was due to bad food habits and lack of nutritious food. Write a report about the camp for a newspaper.

Ans. Date _____

School Name _____

Our school organized a health check up camp for two days on last Saturday and Sunday. It was organized in my school campus. The purpose of organizing the camp was to make the students aware of their health. A team of well-known physicians attended the camp. The District Health Officer inaugurated the camp. The doctors examined the students one by one. They diagnosed all weaknesses and illnesses of the students. They checked the eyes, lungs, functioning of heart and other parts of body. The check revealed certain startling facts. More than 50 students were found to be anaemic, 90 students suffered from weak eye sight and were lack of nutritious food. The students were given medicines. Their was a great success. The parents praised the efforts of the doctor. The principal of school thanked the doctors for their valuable services to the school students.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Write diary entries on the following :

Ans. 1. Place : _____
Day, Date : _____
Time : _____
Dear Diary,

I had an unforgettable experience in Shimla during

the autumn break!

I had gone Shimla with my parents. There we savoured the clean air of the hill station, strolled on the Mall and did horse riding at Ridge. We got a picnic basket packed and decided to trek in the woods behind our hotel. We reached at the picnic spot. It was very beautifully, pine covered ground. We ate the snacks. We have wandering there any enjoyed the location. Sad white wandering about, we realised that the weather turned very cool. The sky fully covered with clouds. We decided to head back when were walking back to our hotel, it started raining cats and dogs. There were no any shelter to save us from the rain. We have no otehr way except to kept on walking towards hotel. The way was slippery so we couldn't run or walk fast. We slipped on many times. We had reached our hotel after suffered many problems on the way. We also got some scratches on our body.

It was very bad experience for me.

Name : _____

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. 1. Sender's Address : _____

Date : _____

Dear Sir

I look back upon that time as so important in the development of the person that I am today. You taught me discipline. You taught me dignity. Much more which was what you were supposedly teaching me, you taught me that I could achieve more than that I or other people thought that I was capable of. I could be a success, instead of a clown.

For that lesson, today on Teacher's Day, I want to thank you so much.

Yours sincerely,

Name :

2. Sender's Address : _____

Date : _____

Dear Pulkit,

Received your letter and I am happy to know that you are coming to Delhi for the vacations. Hope you are enjoying yourself. My vacations are starting next month. I will be joining English speaking course and also take lessons in painting. You know that painting is my passion and I really want to learn more about different techniques.

I also plan to see different sites of my beautiful city. Please do come over to my place to spend a few days. We can have some really good time together.

With Love,

Yours lovingly,

Sameer

3. Sender's Address : _____

Date : _____

Dear Sister,

I am very glad to know of your good result. You have passed the examination in first division. You are sure to get scholarship. I congratulate you can brilliant success. I am sending you the gift of a wrist watch.

With best wishes

Yours lovingly

Rohit



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. 1. Address of Sender : _____

Date : _____

The Editor

The Hindustan Times

Delhi

Dear Sir,

The pollution in our city is increasing at a very fast rate. As a result people are suffering from it. People are suffering from diseases. They are becoming irritable. It is affecting them seriously. The pollution is a danger to health.

Nobody seems to be aware of the problems of population in the city. The city government is mainly responsible for keeping the city clean and pollution free. They can plant more trees on the sides and the centre of roads and cities. They can improve the cleanliness of the city.

The authorities should do something urgently to reduce the increasing pollution.

Yours truly,

Rajat Sinha

2. To

The Principal

(School Name)

Dear Sir,

I beg to say that I want to join NCC. The NCC Officer has asked my willingness to join the NCC Unit. As you know, NCC is useful training. It trains the boys and girls in self-discipline and service to society. I request you to permit me to become a cadet in NCC.

Thanking you

Yours faithfully,

Rahul Khanna

IV B

3. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

5. Do yourself.

6. Do yourself.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

You ordered some goods at www.eshop.com while doing online shopping. Your order is late in shipment. Write an email to the online shopping site regarding this.

Ans. To Dear,

I placed an order of a new denim shirt (order code-

1672C) on 11th November. Order was delivered on 21st November but it's 27th November and still I don't get my order. Your catalogue promises timely delivery and my bank confirms that my check has been cashed. I requested that my order be shipped parcel post on my address (address). If the item has been shipped please notify me and forward the tracking number. If the order was not shipped, please refund my money immediately.

Thank you

I hope we can continue to do business.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

The sports in-charge of your school has asked you to make a speech on the value of games and sports in life, for the morning assembly. Write that speech in about 150 words.

Ans. Games and sports are played very important role in our life.

Physical and mental fitness is essential for every person. Students have very busy schedule and they often get tired from it. To perform best, it is necessary to have a sound mind in a sound body and for that games should also be played with study.

Sports gives physical strength whereas game increases mental power. Sports like cricket, football, hockey improve physical health and mental fitness can be achieved by games like chess, brain games, sudoku, etc. They make body fit and help us to perform well. They teach us team work that is helpful in student as well as professional life. The sense of brotherhood makes us care for others. Sports build one's behaviour in such a way that he/she is able to accept defeat with victory which produces positive approach towards life. They make us able to think in stressed condition that makes our mind sharp. Researchers find out that the students who play games and have good performance in sport, they also do well in exams.

Sports and games should be made a part of life to make mind and body healthy. Students should manage time for study as well as sports if they want to perform well. Recent scientific studies have proven that students, who give equal importance to games along with studies, are achievement in professional life as compared to those who neglect sports.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. A. Do yourself.

B. Do yourself.

Essay Writing

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Write the following essays :

Ans. 1. The Cow

Cow is a domestic and very successful animal. It is of great importance for the people of Hindu religion. It is a most important pet animal. It is female animal who gives us milk daily two times, in the morning and evening. Some cow gives milk three times a day according to their diet and capacity. Cow is considered by the Hindu people as a mother and

called as the Gau Mata. Hindu people respect cow very much and do worship. Cow milk is offered to God during pooja and katha. It is also used to do abhishek of the God and Goddess statue during festivals and pooja.

Cow milk is given high status in the society as it is very beneficial to us. She gives birth to a small calf after 12 months. She does not give any practice to her child to walk or run, he/she starts walking and running just after the birth. Her calf drinks her milk for some days or months and starts eating food like



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her. Cow is a very sacred animal for all Hindus. It is a big domestic animal having four legs, a tail, two ear, two eyes, one nose, one mouth, one head and a wide back.

2. Do yourself.

3. **Diwali**

Diwali is the most significant and famous festival of the India which is being celebrated every year all over the country as well as outside the country. People celebrate it very enthusiastically to commemorate the returning of Lord Rama to his kingdom, Ayodhya after a long period of time of 14 years of exile after defeating the Ravana.

On the returning day of Lord Rama, people of Ayodhya had illuminated their homes and pathways to welcome their Lord with the great enthusiasm. It is a sacred Hindu festival which symbolizes the triumph of goodness over badness. Markets are decorated with lights just like a bride to give it a marvelous festive look. At this day market is full of big rush specially the sweet shops. Kids get new clothes, fire crackers, sweets, gifts, candles and toys from the market. People clean and whitewash their houses and decorate with electric lights some days earlier to the festival.

4. Do yourself.



The Sentence

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Look at these excerpts from some famous poems. Identify the subject and the subject-word as well as the attribute in each sentence. Underline the predicates. Put a (/) where the subject has been omitted.

- Ans. 1. Out of the huts of history's shame ^{SW} I rise.
Up from a past that's rooted in pain ^{SW} I rise. (Maya Angelou)
2. A crumb of cake would be a feast ^P
And last you seven days at least.
A flea would be a frighening beast. ^P
If you were on inch tall. ^{SW S} (Shel Silverstein)

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Separate the subject and the predicate in these sentences. State whether the highlighted words that phrases act as attributes (A), adverbial qualifications (AQ), direct objects (DO), indirect objects (IO), subjective complements (SC) or objective complements (OC).

- Ans. 1. The captain-subject, seems excited-predicate captain-SC
2. The general-subject, kept us standing-predicate standing-AQ
3. My uncle-subject, is a player-predicate my-A
4. She-subject, became a teacher-predicate teacher-OC
5. I-subject, found it in the drawer-predicate I-do, in the drawer-SC
6. Raj-subject, gave me chocolates-predicate me-OC
7. We-subject, saw the car approaching-predicate approaching-A
8. They-subject, appointed him director-predicate director-OC
9. The sky-subject, was clear in the morning-predicate In the morning-AQ
10. The soldiers-subject, marched forward-predicate soldiers-DO, forward-AQ
11. Would-subject, you like an orange-predicate you-SC, an orange-DO
12. The young boys-subject, look energetic-predicate young-A, energetic-SC
13. Suleman, a well-known artist-subject, teaches her painting-predicate a well-known artist-A, painting-DO
14. The judge-subject, pronounced him guilty-predicate him guilty-OC

15. I-subject, bought a new car from this showroom-predicate newcar from this showroom-IO
16. This-subject, certainly makes the matter serious-predicate certainly-AQ
17. The owner of the house-subject, spoke in a sweet voice-predicate in a sweet voice-AQ
18. The man carrying a large bag-subject, entered the station-predicate carrying a large bag-A
19. The money from the bank-subject, was hidden under the rest house-predicate from the bank-IO, under the rest house-SC
20. The king, dressed in regal splendour-subject, walked to the temple-predicate dressed in regal splendour-A, to the temple-SC

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences as directed in the brackets.

- Ans. 1. How worried the young man looks!
2. Do you know how many sources of stress are there in our lives?
3. We should never take any stress.
4. Did you know outside factors that takes place due to external stress?
5. Do not panic when any little thing goes wrong.
6. First one the pressure can be external or internal.
7. Unreal goals and expectations can cause internal stress.
8. Anxiety is another source of stress.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Change the following sentences as directed.

- Ans. 1. She did not tell me a story.
2. As soon as he saw the policeman, he did not stay there.
3. I did not remain quiet.
4. Was that the correct thing to say?
5. It is a curt reply.
6. You are worry about such small issues.
7. I will reach late.
8. How pretty girl she is!
9. Can anybody solve this problem?
10. How cold night it is!
11. Do not break rules.
12. Does anybody know this?
13. We should meet again to think.
14. He does not know this.

The Nouns : Kinds of Nouns

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

- A. Encircle the nouns in the following sentences and write their kinds :

- Ans. 1. I saw a pride of lion in the forest. **Collective noun**
2. Sunidhi is a good girl. **Proper noun**
3. We should always speak the truth. **Abstract noun**
4. Clothes are made of cotton and wool. **Material noun**

5. Honesty is always the best. **Abstract noun**
 6. Mr Sinha is a famous teacher. **Proper noun**

B. Complete the following sentences using suitable nouns given below :

- Ans.** 1. The elephant has great **wisdom**.
 2. My **book** is on the **table**.
 3. The **soldiers** were rewarded for their bravery.
 4. There is a big **crowd** on the road.
 5. A **committee** of five was appointed.
 6. The up **train** is not late.

C. Complete the sentences with nouns as indicated in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. **Honesty** is always praisable.
 2. **Riya** is my best friend.
 3. The table is made of **wood**.
 4. **Mr Singh** is our English teacher.

5. He is good **boy**.
 6. The **cow** gives us milk.

D. Fill in the blanks with abstract nouns formed from the words in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. The actress was taken in by the fan's **flattery**.
 2. The police provided **protection** to the minister and his family.
 3. As **darkness** descended, the travellers decided to stop for the night.
 4. Visitors to Ladakh are always impressed by its spectacular **scenery** and by the **simplicity** and **friendship** of the people.
 5. My parent's **advisement** has greatly contributed to my **success**.
 6. The old woman was moved by the **decency** and **humanity** of the young prince.



3

Pronouns : Number, Gender and Case

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Choose the correct pronoun from the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. It was (he/him) who did it.
 2. There was a deal between you and (me/I).
 3. Leave Kiran and (I/me) alone.
 4. There is not much difference between you and (him/he).
 5. Let you and (I/me) try what we can.
 6. He and (I/me) were great friends.
 7. It is not (we/us) who are to blame.
 8. There is not much difference between (he/him) and (she/her).
 9. Is he more worthy than (them/they) for this task.
 10. Between he and (I/me), he is a thief.
 11. Are you sure it was not (he/him)?
 12. She laughed at (he/him).
 13. If I were (him/he) I wouldn't go.
 14. Wait for Sameer and (me/I).
 15. They are far better singers than (we/us).

B. Fill in the blanks with I or me :

- Ans.** 1. She has invited Raveena and **I** to dinner.
 2. He knows that as well as **me**.
 3. It was **I** who said so.
 4. She is more intelligent than **I**.
 5. You and **I** are invited to tea party this evening.

C. Fill in the blanks with we or us :

- Ans.** 1. They are not more powerful than **she**.
 2. Do they know you better than **we**?
 3. They know the fact as well as **us**.
 4. Let **us** all work together to complete this hard task.
 5. All of **us** were present at the celebration.

D. Fill in the blanks with she or her :

- Ans.** 1. I can teach you English better than **she**.
 2. I am younger than **she**.
 3. I wanted to talk to you and **she**.
 4. Where is Mrs Khan ? I wanted to see **her**.
 5. I knew it was **she**.

E. Fill in the blanks with they or them :

- Ans.** 1. We asked **them** to do it.
 2. It is **they** who helped many poor families.

3. She invited **they** all to dinner on her birthday.
 4. Boys such as **they** must be hated.
 5. It was greatness of **them**.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with reflexive or emphasising pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. Mr Kapoor **himself** taught this lesson.
 2. Some people are always talking about **themselves**.
 3. The students hid **themselves** behind the wall.
 4. We enjoyed **ourselves** in the party.
 5. I was sitting by **myself**.
 6. We exerted **ourselves**.
 7. Quit **yourself** like a gentleman.
 8. **Himself** gave him hundred rupees.
 9. I **myself** was alone in the room.
 10. He set **himself** a hard task.

Fill in the blanks with demonstrative pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. Both of students are good, but **that** is better than **those**.
 2. Who is **that**?
 3. **This** is the bike we bought last week.
 4. The climate of Nainital is better than **those** of Darjeeling.
 5. **That** is Andrew over there.
 6. **This** is my house, **that** is yours.
 7. I don't like to say **that** but I am very shocked to see your condition.
 8. Hello? **This** is Babita speaking.
 9. **This** is a present from my dear uncle.
 10. **These** are some difficult questions.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Rewrite the following sentences, using the possessive pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. That is Mr Sinha's bike. That bike is **Mr Sinha's**.
 2. This Milan's book. This book is **Milan's**.
 3. This is Srishti and Damini's pet. This pet is **Sristhi and Damin's**.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with interrogative pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. **Who** broke the window pan?
 2. **What** happened?



3. **What** do you want?
4. To **whom** did you give your car?
5. **Which** is your house?
6. **Whose** is that car?
7. **Whose** are these books?
8. **What** is your father?

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Underline the interrogative pronouns and circle the relative pronouns in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. Which is the dish that you like most?
 2. Milan is the boy whose mother is a kind lady.
 3. What would you like to eat?
 4. Let me see what you have to eat in dinner.
 5. We know the man who bought this house.
 6. Why didn't you come to the party last night?
 7. I have many games. Which one would you like to play?
 8. Did she tell you where she went?

B. Join together each of the following pairs of sentences by means of a relative pronoun :

- Ans. 1. This is the man who gave the old man hundred rupees.
 2. I am the person whom you were calling.
 3. Here is the book about which I told you.
 4. They met the girl whose father is a famous doctor.
 5. The thieves were caught that had stolen cash and jewellery.

C. Join each of these sets of sentences with a relative pronoun. One has been done for you as an example :

- Ans. 2. The writer will visit us next week whom I admire.
 3. A stopped the ambulance which was speeding down the road.
 4. This lunch box is broken which belongs to my sister.
 6. We went to a hotel which was recommended by you.
 7. I received a good offer for the house which accepted.
 8. The diary was preserved by the family which belonged to grandfather.



4

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable adjective clause :

- Ans. 1. He never fails **who does hard work**.
 2. He tells a tale **which are always interesting**.
 3. God helps those **who help themselves**.
 4. This is the man **whose son lives in London**.
 5. Shubham selected the bat **who is the captain of team**.
 6. He returned me the book **which he borrowed me yesterday**.
 7. This is the house **where I lived before two years ago**.
 8. This is the same movie **which I watched last week**.
 9. She purchased the dress **which was very expensive**.
 10. I cannot forget the insult **that he did**.
 11. This is the boy **who won the race**.
 12. People **who** fall ill a little too easily.
 13. I want back the book **which you borrow from me**.
 14. I know the time **when he met me**.
 15. The book **which** my grandfather wrote is very famous.
 16. Students **who are late** cannot attend the class.
 17. A confluence is a place **where three rivers meet**.
 18. This is the girl **whom I met yesterday**.
 19. All the blessings **that** come from God are the most precious.
 20. Mr Sinha is a famous English teacher **who is**.

B. Pick out the adjective clause in the following sentences and say which noun or pronoun in the principal clause it qualifies :

- Ans. 1. The moment ^{Noun} which is lost ^{Adjective clause} never returns.
 2. I loved the gift ^{Noun} which you bought for me on my birthday ^{Adjective clause}.
 3. Uneasy lies the head ^{Noun} that wears a crown ^{Adjective clause}.
 4. I remember the place ^{Noun} where my forefathers lived ^{Adjective clause}.
 5. He ^{Pronoun} laughs best who laughs last ^{Adjective clause}.
 6. He ^{Pronoun} that is down ^{Adjective clause} need fear no fall.
 7. Eat all ^{Noun} you can ^{Adjective clause}.
 8. I love such honest ^{Noun} as you are ^{Adjective clause}.
 9. All ^{Noun} that glitters ^{Adjective clause} is not gold.
 10. SARS is a disease ^{Noun} for which there is no remedy ^{Adjective clause}.
 11. There was not a man ^{Noun} but only desert ^{Adjective clause}.
 12. He ^{Pronoun} that climbs too high ^{Adjective clause} is sure to fall.
 13. This is the great moment ^{Noun} that we have been waiting for ^{Adjective clause}.
 14. The person ^{Noun} who helped me ^{Adjective clause} is my fast friend.
 15. This is the house ^{Noun} where my uncle lives ^{Adjective clause}.
 16. My trouble ^{Noun} is not the same as yours ^{Adjective clause}.
 17. He is not the man ^{Noun} whom I can trust ^{Adjective clause}.
 18. I could not understand the question ^{Noun} you asked ^{Adjective clause}.
 19. The first of July was the day ^{Noun} when the college was reopened ^{Adjective clause}.
 20. The forest ^{Noun} through which we travelled ^{Adjective clause} was dark and gloomy.

Adjective Clauses



5

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Pick out finite and non-finite verbs in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. They are watching ^{Finite} live cricket match.
 2. We attended ^{Non-finite} their dinner party.
 3. Exercise ^{Non-finite} is a good habit.

Verbs : Non-finite Forms



4. His favourite dish is burger.
Finite
5. My brother loves cricket.
Finite
6. He promised to follow his teacher's advice.
Non-finite
7. The police have taken victims to hospitals.
Finite
8. The book is nice to read.
Non-finite
9. I like to read comics.
Non-finite
10. She is learning Spanish now-a-days.
Finite

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick out infinitives in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. To please everyone is not possible.
2. They do not want to play the cricket.
3. It seems to be a holiday.
4. I saw him throw the stones.
5. Her parents let her to go to cinema.

B. Complete each sentence with To-infinitive :

- Ans. 1. They came to me to congratulate.
2. I want to play.
3. He stood up to respect the teacher.
4. The boys went to watch the movie.
5. The army marched forward to the battalion.

C. Fill in the blanks with the infinitives with or without to :

- Ans. 1. This dress is pretty to wear.
2. Please help him to solve this problem.
3. They made the child cry.
4. She helped me to complete the exercise again.
5. This fruit is sweet to eat.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Rewrite these sentences using the introductory 'it' :

- Ans. 1. It is not good to insult the poor.
2. It was very selfish on her part to grab all the present.
3. It is bad habit to have overeating.
4. It was cruel of you to throw stones at the frogs.
5. It will be a pleasure to be present at your party.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Rewrite these sentences using too....to pattern :

- Ans. 1. This wall is too high to jump over it.
2. You are too late to reach the school in time.
3. He is too ill to go to school today.
4. This news is too good to be true.
5. The room was too noisy to hear what my friend said.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Combine the following pairs of sentences by using infinitives :

- Ans. 1. The batsman hit big shots to win the match.
2. I have engaged a tutor to coach my daughter in Mathematics.
3. Collecting postal stamps in his hobby.
4. He did not have any money to deposit his fees.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick out the participles in the following sentences and state whether they are present or past participles :

- Ans. 1. She kept on watching the movie while I was sleeping.
Present
2. Being dissatisfied with her present job she resigned and left.
Present
3. Learning his lesson the boy slept.
Present
4. We saw a car driven at full speed crash against a bus.
Past
5. Being pleased by her mind's honesty she gave
Present

hundred rupees as reward.

6. Shan was sitting on a broken chair.
Past
7. The beggar was wearing a torn kurta.
Past
8. The hungry fox saw some grapes hanging from the vines.
Present

B. Combine the pair of sentences using a participle :

- Ans. 1. The people gave their full support to elected President.
2. Arun found the book fallen in the way.
3. I was waiting in the hotel for my friend to arrive.
4. Being seized his arm he let his friend away from the party.
5. Being beaten thoroughly the enemy ran away from the field.
6. Having the cricket kit the boys went to play a match.
7. Being absent by the master for a long time the business was badly neglected.
8. I saw an old man tired.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Rewrite the following sentences to improve them :

- Ans. 1. While I was returning from the market, I lost my cycle.
2. The day being fine, we went on a picnic.
3. While he was going to the office, a traffic jam caught him.
4. The day being hot, I could not go out.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick out the participles and gerunds in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. Children do reading and writing at school.
Participle
2. Earning money is good but to spend always is undesirable.
Gerunds
3. Running is good for health.
Gerunds
4. Barking dogs seldom bite.
Participle
5. Teasing anybody is not a good habit.
Gerunds

B. Add suitable gerunds to the following :

- Ans. 1. famous for being punctual.
2. afraid of climbing stairs.
3. to draw a picture buying canvas.
4. punished for coming late.

C. Complete these sentences by first adding a gerund and then any other words :

- Ans. 1. Would you mind being wrong.
2. I saw her wearing a new dress.
3. They spent their whole life avoiding danger.
4. She loves baking cake.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Rewrite these sentences using the gerund in place of the infinitive :

- Ans. 1. We went playing tennis.
2. What do you intend doing now?
3. You must continue helping him.
4. He started taking his food.

B. Fill in the blanks with the help of the words given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. I am sorry for my being fail in my duty.
2. I am glad at you reaching here on time.

3. There is a likelihood of a **coming storm** in the evening.

4. I am sorry for **my being** wrong.

Adverb Clauses

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

- A. Pick out the adverb clauses in the following sentences, and say of what kind each :

- Ans. 1. Will you wait till I return? **Adverb Clause of time**
 2. Few leaders are better than Abraham Lincoln.
Adverb clause of comparison
 3. Don't count your chickens before they are hatched.
Adverb clause of time
 4. He pretended as if he were innocent.
Adverb clause of condition
 5. He did as I told him.
Adverb clause of Supposition or contract
 6. As he was ill, he could not attend the office.
Adverb clause of Condition
 7. He knows as much as I told him.
Adverb clause of Comparison
 8. We must work hard so that we may pass.
Adverb clause of Result
 9. Although he is rich, he is miser.
Adverb clause of Supposition
 10. Unless you feel sorry I'll not excuse you.
Adverb clause of Comparison
 11. Because you have done this, I shall punish you.
Adverb Clause of Reason

- B. Complete these sentences by adding adverb clauses :

- Ans. 1. I could not hear the news **because I was sleeping**.
 2. We were on our way **when it was raining** start.
 3. He could not catch the train **because the train had been departed**.
 4. She couldn't act in the play **because she was ill**.
 5. Please do not go anywhere **unless your mother permit you**.
 6. You must read this article **whenever you are free**.
 7. You cannot leave the country **as there is curfew all over there**.

8. You can come over to my house **till 5 p.m.**
 9. He was so good at tennis **that he could play on International level**.

- C. Match the two parts to make complete sentences :

- Ans. 1. You may sit—(a) though I was tired.
 2. I couldn't sleep—(b) till it stops.
 3. I won't fail to come—(c) wherever you like.
 4. Don't get off—(d) unless you work hard.
 the bus
 5. We cancelled—(e) than he looks.
 the match
 6. You won't pass—(f) because it was raining.
 7. Have some coffee—(g) even if it rains.
 8. It was so hot—(h) as soon as the gates were open.
 9. The crowd—(i) so that I wouldn't forget.
 rushed in
 10. He is younger—(j) before you go.
 11. I wrote it in my diary—(k) as we could.
 12. We ran as fast—(l) that we couldn't go out.

- D. Add suitable adverb clause to each of the following :

- Ans. 1. Work hard **if you want to pass in exam**.
 2. Look **there when I say**.
 3. **Do study otherwise** you will fail.
 4. **Before and after every meal** we should always wash our hands.
 5. He first finished **his homework after** then went to play.
 6. Delhi is not **so far**.
 7. You'd better write it down **than learn**.
 8. Umesh Yadav is faster **than Harish in bowling**.
 9. **Though he is poor**, he is very honest.
 10. I could not reach station in time **so I missed the train**.

The Noun—Case

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

In each of the following sentences, pick out the nouns or pronouns in the nominative case :

- Ans. 1. The hungry beggar asked for some food.
 2. They went to Gaurav's house.
 3. I saw a young boy on the hill side.
 4. Alladin had a magic lamp.
 5. I hope to get through the examination.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Pick out the nouns or pronouns in the objective case in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. My father gave me hundred rupees.
 2. The hunter killed the dove.
 3. The fielder threw the ball.

4. The teacher is teaching the class.
 5. The rivers flow down into the sea.
 6. The dog put his mistress in trouble.
 7. The Earth moves round the Sun.
 8. The Sun rises in the east.
 9. The little girl has a sweet voice.
 10. The farmer's sons are in the field.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Pick out the nouns or pronouns in the vocative and dative case in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. Students, leave the class at once.
 Vocative
 2. Come to my office, Sunny.
 Vocative
 3. I told him his mistake.
 dative



4. Sunidhi gave him her lovely dress.
 5. I paid him rupees fifty.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Write down the possessive forms of the following :



8

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick out the noun clause in each of the following sentences and say how it is used :

- Ans. 1. They asked where you had gone.
 2. The news that all was well delighted everyone.
 3. He said that he would come at five.
 4. What is he said is of no importance to me.
 5. That gold is yellow needs no proof.
 6. The problem that they had not any money.
 7. It has been proved that the Earth is round.
 8. It is true is that he has cheated us.
 9. I wonder whether that's a good idea.
 10. What he wants I do not know.



9

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Pick out the adverb clauses in the following sentences :

- Ans. 1. Take a bike because it is a long distance.
 2. We should wait here till he return.
 3. He works hard so that he may succeed in the examination.
 4. People welcomed the Prime Minister wherever he went.
 5. You can sit where you like.
 6. I am sorry that I missed the concert.
 7. Put it where you can find place easily.
 8. We should act as our teachers learn us.

B. Replace the words in bold with suitable noun clauses :

- Ans. 1. The judge held the man who was guilty.
 2. He predicts that the weather will change.
 3. Everybody knows that he is honest.
 4. The selection what he did quite expected.
 5. The death of oldman was expected.
 6. She has known for the truthfulness of her.
 7. She described the play what was at the stage.
 8. He confessed the mistake what he did.
 9. I have heard that you are selected.
 10. The place that was hiding was not known to the police.

C. Pick out the adjective clauses in the following sentences and say which noun or pronoun each qualifies :

- Ans. 1. The plan I proposed was accepted by all.
 2. The reason why I selected you is obvious.
 3. The dog that bites does not bark.
 4. Those were the days when everybody would lead a happy life.

- Ans. 1. The Principal's office.
 2. The elephant's trunk.
 3. The kid's clothes.
 4. The washerman's wages.
 5. Shakespeare's drama.

Noun Clauses

B. Complete the following by adding a suitable noun clause :

- Ans. 1. Please pay attention to **hear the announcement**.
 2. She has no faith in **the things that are fake**.
 3. I heard **the news is true**.
 4. **The gift that I received from my father** surprises me.
 5. It was unfortunate that **we lost the match last week**.
 6. **That Rohit will come on Sunday** is quite certain.
 7. His wish is **that he got first division in annual exams**.
 8. It is clear **that will take part in school's annual function**.
 9. I do not listen **what she said**.
 10. He is satisfied with **the justice of the judge**.

The Phrase and the Clause

5. He who wins the race shall get the prize.
 6. They never fail who die for a great cause.
 7. The moment which is lost is lost forever.
 8. He completed his education in the city where he was born.
 9. He who increases his riches increases his cares.
 10. The house that I live in belongs to my uncle.

D. Pick out the adverb clauses :

- Ans. 1. The younger people have more money than brains.
 2. He stopped taking sweet so that he might be healthy.
 3. He will not come back as long as you are here.
 4. No one sang better than Ragini.
 5. As the Principal was not in the office, I handed over my application to the office clerk.
 6. If you do not mind your ways, you will have to suffer.
 7. I know where she has hidden her treasure.
 8. No sooner did the last bell rang that the students rushed out of their classes.

E. Complete these sentences using adverb clauses :

- Ans. 1. If **he tries often**, this task easy to him.
 2. If **you work hare**, you will make a great progress.
 3. If **there is no war**, there will be peace.
 4. If **you will be rude**, nobody will come forward to help you.
 5. If **you do not reach home on time**, your father will be angry.
 6. If **you turn left**, you will reach the library.



**Exercise**

Based on NEP 2020

A. Turn the following sentences from active into passive voice :**I. Simple Present Tense**

- Ans.** 1. The flowers are plucked by her.
 2. The wheat is grown by him in his field.
 3. Any noise is not made by him.
 4. What is wanted by you?

II. Present Continuous Tense

- Ans.** 1. He is being waited by us.
 2. Is the bell being rung by the peon?
 3. Is the table being laid by the servant?
 4. The fish are not being caught by the fisherman.

III. Present Perfect Tense

- Ans.** 1. The sums have been solved by you.
 2. Gifts have been received by them.
 3. The application has been written by me.
 4. Has her meal been taken by her?

IV. Simple Past Tense

- Ans.** 1. Their admission was refused by us.
 2. His fields were watered by the farmer.
 3. By whom was you told such a sad news?
 4. Was her name forgotten by you?

V. Past Continuous Tense

- Ans.** 1. The deer was being chased by the lion.
 2. Our lessons were being revised by us.
 3. The sums were not being solved by her.
 4. Why you were being gone to Lucknow the previous day?

VI. Past Perfect Tense

- Ans.** 1. We had already been reached the station.

2. Sri Lanka had never been visited by them.
 3. My sister had earlier been met by Rohan.
 4. My purse had been stolen by somebody.

VII. Simple Future Tense

- Ans.** 1. You will be taught English by her.
 2. Will the house be destroyed by the fire?
 3. By whom will you be helped her?
 4. How the matter will be settled by you?

VIII. Future Perfect Tense :

- Ans.** 1. She will have been reached the station.
 2. Booking will have been closed by the mat 5 pm.
 3. He will have been fined by the Magistrate.
 4. Will the food have been cooked by her?

B. Change the following sentences from active into passive voice :

- Ans.** 1. When was a letter written by you?
 2. He has been made king by them.
 3. Dinner is being cooked by mother.
 4. A kite will be flied by Ram.
 5. A god story was told us by the teacher.
 6. A kite was made by the boy.
 7. The mice was killed by the tom cat.
 8. The wall is being built by the mason.
 9. A ticket will be returned you by the T.T.E.
 10. A train of camels has been seen by me.
 11. Their practical work has been completed by students.
 12. By whom was English taught you?
 13. All the milk was drunk by the cat.
 14. We will blanded by everyone.
 15. Will this house be destroyed by the fire.
 16. My pen was stolen by him.

**Exercise**

Based on NEP 2020

A. Capitalize and use full stops, question marks and exclamation marks in the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. For how long has Mohan been living in Delhi.
 2. The Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world.
 3. Ah! She did nothing in her life.
 4. Yathartha parth, Rama and Vipin are my friends.
 5. Tagore, the poet of India, wrote the famous book Gitanjali.
 6. Shubham, the son of Dr P CSingh is a bright student.
 7. Deepika is going to Delhi to see the Qutub Minar.
 8. We can read about Lord Krishna and Arjuna in the Geeta.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Punctuate the following passage appropriately :

- Ans.** 1. The hour and the place were both favourable to contemplation Mr Pick Wick was roused by the church clock striking twelve. The first stroke of the hour sounded solemnly in his ear but when the bell ceased, the stillness seemed insupportable. The almost felt as if he had lost a companion.
 2. One day a hungry fox went into a fruit garden. He

saw many bunches of grapes hanging from the vines. The wanted to eat the grapes but they were too high for him to reach. He jumped, paused and jumped again in the attempt to get them. It was all in vain. At last, He gave it up. He went away saying to himself "the grapes are sound dont want them".

3. She was brought here last night," replied the old woman. By the overseas order she was found lying in the street. She had walked some distance for. Her shoes were torn to pieces but she came form or where she was going to, nobody knows. The surgeon leaned over the body and raised the left hand, "The old story," he said shaking his head, "no wedding-ring, I see. Ah! good-night."
 4. One day, walking together up a hill. I said to friend, "Do you not wish yourself in your own country again? "Yes," he said. "What would you do there?" said "I would you turn will and eat flesh again?" He looked full of concern and shaking his head, said, "No, no."
 5. Good evening boy," said their father. Now tell me, how do you like your new room. "Papa said the elder,



- "I am not afraid to be anywhere, you are," and I said the other, "love every place. My papa is in."
6. Wretch said the king. "What harm did I do. These,

that thou should seek to, take my life with your own hands. You killed my father and two brothers," replied the man.

12

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

- A. Fill in the blanks in each of the following sentences with simple present tense form of the verb given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. My brother **writes** an application.
2. My watch **needs** repairing.
3. The train for Delhi **leaves** at 5.30 pm.
4. If she **comes** to me. I will go to school today.
5. **Does** the teacher **punish** him for coming late?

- B. Change the verb in each of the following sentences to convert interrogative and negative forms :

Ans. Interrogative Form

1. Does she finish her work in time?
2. Do you take much interest in novels?
3. Do they always busy useless things?
4. Does he work hard to obtain good marks?

Negative Form

1. She does not finish her work in time.
2. You do not take much interest in novels.
3. They do not always busy useless things.
4. He does not work hard to obtain good marks.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks using the simple present tense or the present continuous tense of verbs given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. She **starts** her prayer with God's prayer.
2. My grandfather rarely **sleeps** during the daytime.
3. It **is raining** don't go out now.
4. It is six o'clock the boys **are** still **playing** cricket.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

- A. Fill in each of the following blanks with the present perfect tense of the verb given in brackets against each sentence :

- Ans. 1. The fielder **has thrown** the ball back to the bowler.
2. My father **has returned** from the bazaar just now.

Verbs : Present Tense

3. Mr Puri is not at home. He **has gone** to his office.
4. I **have known** him for two years.
5. I **read** this novel several times.

- B. Rewrite each of the following sentences into present perfect tense :

- Ans. 1. Has your brother helped you?
2. Why have you teased him?
3. She has not written a letter to her father.
4. I have done my duty well.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

- A. Rewrite each of the following sentences, using the verb in the present perfect continuous tense. The verb is given in brackets in each sentence :

- Ans. 1. For how long **Have you been waiting** for me?
2. Malaria **has been raging** in the city for two weeks.
3. Mr Saxena **has been teaching** English for an hour.
4. I **have been living** here since 2002.
5. You **have been driving** the whole day. Let me drive now.
6. The boys **have been playing** cricket since morning.
7. The teacher **has been scolding** the students for a long time.
8. They **have been trying** to solve this problem for a long time.

- B. Rewrite each of the following sentences, using the verb in the present perfect or the present perfect continuous tense. The verb is given in brackets in each sentence :

- Ans. 1. We **have not seen** her for two hours. I wonder where she is.
2. I **have been waiting** for him since morning and I cannot go home until late in the evening.
3. Here are your shoes; I **have just cleaned** them.
4. He **has been leaving** home at 8.00 and **has been getting** here at 12.00.

13

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

- A. Rewrite the following sentences using the simple past tense of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. The meeting **started** after the Principal had arrived.
2. She just **decided** that she would go to Jaipur.
3. They wish, they **knew** what was the problem with you?
4. Columbus **discovered** America about 400 years ago.
5. A fire **broke** out in our street last night.
6. I **played** cricket when I was student.
7. He was only of fifteen when his grandfather **died**.
8. The children **waved** goodbye to their grandparents.

- B. Change the following sentences as directed :

- Ans. 1. They did not meet with a very serious accident.

- Did they meet with a very serious accident?
2. The school was not over at 1 pm.
Was the school not over at 1 pm?
3. They did not complete their homework in time.
Did they complete their homework in time?
4. He killed the tiger.
Did he not kill the tiger?
5. He killed a snake.
Did he not kill a snake?
6. She did not lose her purse in the market.
Did she lose her purse in the market?
7. He made the child weeping.
He did not make the child weeping.
8. He went to their school.

Verbs : Past Tense



He did not go to school.

C. Fill in the blanks with the right tense froms (Simple Past or Present) of the Verb given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. I **saw** you for last four years.
2. I **did not hear** from you since last Sunday.
3. He **got** a new house now. He **bought** it last month.
4. Mr Saxena was not in his office. He **went** to out of station.
5. Mr Singh **returned** from Canada last month but he **meets** me today.
6. He **visited** my house last week but his daughter **does not visit** my house till today.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Fill in the blanks with past continuous forms of the verbs given in brackets against each sentence :

- Ans.** 1. The train **was departing** while I reached the station.
2. My mother **was preparing** the breakfast when the guests came.
3. She **was reading** the magazine when he called on her.
4. They suddenly realized that they **were travelling** in the wrong direction.

B. Rewrite the following sentences with the simple past or past continuous form of verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. We were enjoying our dinner, when the guests

reached at my place.

2. She was writing a letter when I made a call to her.
3. While Shubham was studying hard for the exams, his sister took a holiday.
4. The police was patrolling in the next lane when the thieves escaped our house.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks with the right tense from (simple past or past perfect) of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. My father **had left** for his office when I got up.
2. By the time we **arrived**, they **had gone**.
3. I **had never seen** such a brilliant lad before.
4. Previously she **had been** a very laborious lady.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

The following sentences are in Simple Past Tense. Rewrite them in Past Perfect Tense. One has been done for you :

- Ans.** 1. The salesman had not brought any samples with him.
2. Many students had not failed in the interview, had they?
3. My mother had decorated the house for the party.
4. Had the music teacher given you any lesson on piano?



14

Verbs : Future Tense

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in the blanks by using the helping verb 'will' or 'shall' :

- Ans.** 1. I **shall** repeat it.
2. They **will** complete their job.
3. We **shall** leave this place tomorrow.
4. Krishna **will** come here today.
5. Sonu **will** go to the college.
6. They **will** help you in your business.
7. We **shall** buy a book.
8. You **will** feel sorry for your mistake.
9. She **will** dance in the evening show.
10. Deepika **will** write a letter tomorrow.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in each of the following blanks using the future continuous tense of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. My brother **will be returning** from Aligarh.
2. It **will be probably raining** when your father gets back from his office.
3. They **will be waiting** for me at this time.
4. At this time next week, we **shall be travelling** to America.
5. Our school **will be progressing** by leaps and bounds now.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in each of the following blanks with future perfect tense of tense verbs given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. I expect that she **will have learnt** all her lessons by now.
2. By the time I arrive, you **will have gotten** ready for school.
3. By April next, I **shall have worked** in this publication for twenty-four years.
4. When you are of my age, you **will have learnt** much about life.
5. The train **will have left** the platform before I reach the station.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Fill in each of the following blanks with the future perfect continuous tense of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. The tiger **will have been chasing** the deer for a long time.
2. I **shall have been residing** in Kanpur for five years.
3. My brother **will have been running** a coaching class for ten years by the end of next year.
4. The labourers **will have been sitting** idle for a week.
5. We **shall have been waiting** for you for four hours when the clock strikes twelve.
6. They boys **will have been playing** cricket in the field for a long time.
7. The girls **will have been plucking** the flowers from this garden since morning.
8. My father **will have been waiting** for me for a long time.



Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Choose the correct alternatives given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. I was very (knotty, naughty) in my childhood.
 2. We should maintain (piece, peace) in the world.
 3. The princess refused to (marry, merry) the prince suggested by her parents.
 4. He can't get driving licence because he is a (miner, minor).
 5. The ship (drowned, sank) in the Indian Ocean.
 6. Mahatma Gandhi was liked for his (childish, childlike) face.
 7. He is (famous, notorious) actor.
 8. Do not (medal, meddle) in the affairs of other.
 9. Swimming is (beneficial, beneficent) to health.
 10. (Practise, Practice) makes man perfect.

B. Select the correct word from the alternatives given in brackets :

- Ans. 1. This medicine can (lesson, lessen) your trouble.
 2. A (bore, boar) is a wild animal.
 3. Indian society is (mail, male) dominated.
 4. There is a (statue, statute) of Gandhiji in South Africa.

5. Your success is really (credible, creditable).
 6. China is the most (popular, populous) country in the world.
 7. Gandhiji wore (coarse, course) cloth.
 8. This is the (sight, site) for a multiplex building.
 9. The thief (effected, affected) madness for relief from prison.
 10. Now put the (kettle, cattle) on fire.

C. In some of the sentences one word is spelt incorrectly. Underline that word and write the correct word in the space provided :

- Ans. 2. The chord of my violin is out of order now-a-days. ×
 3. My shoes are made of canvass. **Canvas**
 4. Star Plus has come up with a new children's cereal. **Serial**
 5. I have taken too dosses of medicine. **Doses**
 6. I defer from you on this point. **Differ**
 7. I was the signal person as witness to that tragic accident. **Single**
 8. They have painted the sealing cream of their room. **Ceiling**
 9. Lack of rain causes draught. **Drought**
 10. The old lady dyed a miserable death. **Died**

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Write a letter :

Ans. 1. Sender's Name : _____

Address : _____

Date : _____

To,

The General Manager of DTC

Sir,

I want to draw your kind attention towards the rule and irresponsible behaviour of bus conductor with the commuters. He looks towards the passengers with indifference and behaves with them in a very unfriendly and absurd way. He lacks etiquettes and uses filthy language.

He never bothers to check whether the passengers have got into the bus or not and is bent on blowing the whistle. The bus moves while passengers have hardly one foot on the foot board. This leads to passengers falling and sustaining injuries.

He forgets the elementary duties of a conductor and behaves indecently. He shows no courtesy and sympathy for the senior citizens and the ladies.

It is therefore my humble suggestion that before their recruitment, the conductors and the drivers must be taught how to deal with the passengers. Presently, they must be instructed and advised suitably to end their way and also surprise checkings in this respect be done.

Yours faithfully,

Divya Gautam

2. Address : _____

Date : _____

Respected father,

I am quite well here and hope all will be well there too. My examinations are coming near and I am burning midnight oil to get first division.

Papa, for some time I have been short of money every month. I purchased some necessary books last month. The money sent by you does not last for a full month.

Reason, you know well.

Prices are up. Please increase my pocket money. I also know your limitations but Papa it is a matter of three months only.

Convey my regards to dear Mother and love to Ravish.

Yours loving son

Rohit

3. Address : _____

Date : _____

To

The S.H.O.

Police Station

Rama Vihar

Delhi

Sir,

I beg to report the theft of my cycle on 25th November, 20____. I had gone to market to purchase books. I locked my cycle outside and went in. I came back after ten minutes.



My cycle was stolen. It is a hero cycle. It is new cycle. Its number is DC-2052. Kindly register the report and look into the matter.

Yours faithfully

Aditya Raghav

B. Write an application :

Ans. 1. Name of School : _____

Address : _____

Date : _____

Sir,

I write this letter to you to improve the school library. I noticed that some of our books are torn and outdated, that many students can't no longer use it. So I request an additional books for our library. As well as shelves, our shelves is already old. I hope for your usual kind and consideration.

Thanks

Yours faithfully,

Arjun Kapoor

2. Do yourself.

3. School Name : _____

Address : _____

Date : _____

Dear Sir,

Respectfully, I beg to say that I have passed my VIIIth class this year. My father has been transferred to Lucknow. So I will have to take admission in some school in Lucknow.

I therefore, request you to kindly issue me the character certificate. So that I may take admission in class VIIIth.

Thanking you

Yours obediently

Ravi Kumar

4. Do yourself.

5. Do yourself.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. 1. Do yourself.

2. School Name : _____

NOTICE

Date : _____

Sale of Cards and Candles

On the occasion of Diwali our school's Art and craft Department wishes to put up a sale of cards and candles prepared by the students. The programme will be held in our school play ground. Students who want to participate should submit their varies to the undersigned before 20 October 20__.

Aman Rawat

Secretary

School Fine Arts Society

3. Do yourself.

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Ans. 1. From : email address of sender

To : Email address of receiver

CC :

BCC :

Subject : Congratulation

Dear Saina

It is another of great joy that you have fulfilled all over hopes and asperation by standing first in your school with 95% marks in the Annual Examination.

You work hard and cut an excellent result. I am very happy with your success. It is expected that you will continue this way of victory up to your whole life.

My heartiest facilitation to you on your brilliant result.

With best regards,

Anushka Singh

2. Do yourself.

3. Do yourself.

4. From : email address of sender

To : email address of receiver

Ce :

Bcc :

Subject : Trip

Dear father,

I am giving you an exhilarating experience of my camping trip. Last week I went on a trip with my friends. It was a five-day trip. We went to Delhi by train and after a days stay left for Bir early in the morning by bus and reached there by evening. We camped out in the woods. There was not an iota of pollution in the hill area. The weather was awesome. We also sat around the camp fire and told stories and jokes.

We went for long walks and also went trekking. The natural beauty of this place is really worth seeing. There are pine trees all around Bir and a small river flows, winding its way through the valleys and hills. As this place is very calm and quiet, we could very clearly hear the chirping of birds and movement of water.

It was really a great time for all of us.

Yours obediently

Ankur Sharma

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Make stories using the following outlines :

Ans. 1. Once there was a poor wood cutter lived in a small village. One day he went to the jungle. From which tree he was cutting the branches, that was on the bank of a river. When he was cutting the branches, his axe full into the river. He started cry for his axe. The God Mercury came from the river after hear his cry. After knew the reason of his cry, the god dived into the river for his axe and brought a golden axe. The woodcutter said that it was not his axe. The god again dived and came with a silver axe. The woodcutter again said no for that axe. The god once again went into the river and came with the woodcutter's axe. Poor man was very happy after saw his own axe and cried, "Yes, it is mine! It is mine!" The god Mercury pleased with his honesty and gave him all the three axes.

Moral : Honesty is the best policy.

2. Once there was a dispute between the sum and the wind. Each was claimed to be stronger. The wind said that he is stronger than the sum. But the sum was not agree with him. Then they saw a traveller on the road wearing a coat. Both the wind and the sum challenged each other to make the man take off his coat. Wind tried first. He started blowing. The man held his coat tightly. He blew harder. The man held his coat still tighter. The harder the wind blew the lighter and firmer did the traveller hold his coat. The



wind failed.

Now it was the sun's turn. The sun shine gently. The traveller open the buttons of his coat. The sun shine warmly. The traveller felt the warmth and soon took off his coat.

The sun was declared stronger.

Moral : Fury or force cuts no ice where gentleness does the job.

3. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

Essay Writing

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

Write essays on the following :

Ans. 1. **My Best Friend**

My best friend is someone special whom I can share my all feelings. He is Shubham. He lives with me as my neighbour in the same colony. We met each other in the nursery class on the very first day. We sit together in the classroom and share everything very happily without any problem. We know each other very well as understand each other's need. He is leadership in nature, tall, good looking and smart. He is very good in studies and behaves well with everyone. He does his class work and homework attentively. He is favourite student of class teacher as he is very punctual and follows all the etiquettes.

We share our Tiffin in the lunch time. He respects my feelings and helps me always. Many things of us like hobbies, likes, dislikes, etc. are similar. We love to listen music, watching cartoons and playing carrom at home. We take care of each other in the school and playground. We share school copies and help each other whenever one of us remain absent in the school. We love drawing sceneries and arts in our spare time. We go to tour and picnic with our parents together in every winter and summer vacation.

2. **Pollution**

Pollution has become a major environmental issue as it has created lots of health hazards to the people and animals of any age group. In the recent years the rate of pollution increasing very sharply because of the industrialized waste material mixing and directly into the soil, air and water. However, in our country full attention is not getting paid to contro it. It needs to be tackle seriously otherwise our fature generations would suffer a lot.

Pollution is classified into many categories according to the natural resources getting affected such as air pollution, land pollution, water pollution, noise pollution, etc. Rate of pollution is increasing due to the selfishness of the human being to earn more money and to fulfil some unnecessary wishes. In the modern era where technological advancement is given more priority by where technological

advancement is given more priority by the people, everyone has forgotten the real discipline of life.

Continuous and unnecessary cutting down of the forests, urbanization and large production through industrialization has involved as a huge causes of the pollution. Harmful and poisonous wastes created from such activities causes irreversible changes to the land, air and water which ultimately push lives towards pain. This big social issue needs a public level social awareness programme to destroy its root to get complete relief.

3. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

5. **Child Labour**

Seventy-three million children ages ten to fourteen are working illegally in the world today. That makes up 11.2 percent of the population ages ten to fourteen. The purpose of this essay is to show you the shocking details of how children are exploited in underdeveloped countries.

Why are these children woring in the first place? The children are working for many reasons. In most cases people would think that these children are forced into working. Although in some cases children go to work because their family is extremely poor and they feel they need to help get because their family is extremely poor and they feel they need to help get money. In other cases these children are physically forced into doing the work that no one else will. In other cases a child's family could all die or just plane out leave him and they will be adopted and forced to do, the work. Some children get sold to a manufacture and they are forced into working. Most of these children have no choice but to work. These children aren't always forced into doing all this work. That does not mean that they like the work it means that the family might need the money for they might have no where else to go. Some of these children work for simple room and board in the countries that are overrun with child labour are filled with a high poverty level. These children have no choice but to go and work because if they don't they will starve and die. Child labour for these children is survival, there are no other chances for them. None of these children have the privilege of going to school and being able to go to a house at the end of a day. It is the urgent need to aware the poor people as well as rich people about the bad effects of the child labour. They must be availed with all the resources which they lack. It should be done by the end of everyone. Rich people should help the poor people so that their children too can get all the required things in childhood. It needs some effective rules and regulations by the government to completely end its roots forever.

6. Do yourself.

Comprehension

Comprehension-1

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Answer the following questions :

Ans. 1. Gandhiji was insulted in South Africa.

2. Gandhiji spent that night shivering in a freezing station waiting room.



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3. Gandhiji decided to stay and fight racial prejudice.

B. Now complete these sentences :

- Ans.** 1. In South Africa Indians were **disliked, unwanted, and frequently insulted.**
2. Gandhi went to a hairdressing salon but the barber **refused to cut his hair.**
3. One day while Gandhi was travelling by a stagecoach he **was attacked and beaten up by a stage coach driver when he refused to give up his seat to a white passenger.**
4. White passengers refused to travel in the same compartment as **Gandhiji was a brown-skinned Indian.**
5. Gandhi decided to **stay and fight racial prejudice. He decided it was his duty to stay and use his legal knowledge to fight for the black people in South Africa.**

Comprehension-2

Based on NEP 2020

Complete the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. The father stopped his son from submitting the essay to the teacher because **according to him, his family life should not be discussed in the class or between the teachers.**
2. Submitting the essay to the teacher would cause the staff of the school to **the enjoy it and held a discussion on it.**
3. According to the poet the persons to be blamed for Tom not submitting his essay are **his parents.**
4. Tom, according to his father, should be pardoned because **he was told by his father to not to do his work.**
5. The letter is written to the **Tom's teacher.**
6. The following words from the poem tell us that the parent pleads with the teacher to excuse his son : **But give it your consideration, And please accept my explanation, I trust you will not blame my son, For, after all, work was done.**

Comprehension-3

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The other patient's name was Behrman and he was suffering from Pneumonia.

2. The ivy leaf did not flutter when the wind blew because Behrman painted it.
3. The janitor found him in his room downstairs, helpless with pain the next morning.
4. Behrman's masterpiece was last ivy leaf which was painted by him.

B. Write 'T' for true statements and 'F' for false statements :

- Ans.** 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F.

C. Use the given words in sentences of your own to bring out their meaning :

- Ans.** 1. acute : **The branches grow at a more acute angle.**
2. masterpiece : **This movie is indeed a timeless masterpiece.**

Comprehension-4

Exercise

Based on NEP 2020

A. Write 'T' for true statements and 'F' for false statements :

- Ans.** 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T
6. F 7. T 8. T 9. F 10. F.

B. Complete these sentences :

- Ans.** 1. Hippos's enemies are **the lion and man.**
2. Hippos have only a very few enemies because **of their thick skin and great size.**
3. Hippos are hunted for **their thick hide, fat and teeth.**

C. Match the following :

- Ans.** 1. hippopotamus • as much as four tons.
2. walks • only man and lion
3. it weighs • river horse
4. hippo • weighs about fifty pounds.
5. it's enemy • about at the bottom of river or pool.
6. a baby hippo • are vegetarian

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Hippos live both on land and in water.
2. The weight of a young hippo at the time of birth is about fifty pounds.
3. The color of hippo sweat is red.
4. Man is enemy of hippo.
5. Hippos eat pasture.

